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OFFICE BUILDING AND ENTRANCE TO NURSERY

You will find a visit to our Nursery very interesting and worth while. Many acres of highest-quality stock in a wide range of plant varieties are available for your inspection and selection.

A visit when the Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, or Rhododendrons are in bloom is especially interesting and is an excellent time for making selections. Information concerning the various plants and their proper use and care will be cheerfully given.

## PLANNING AND PLANTING SERVICE

PLANNING the garden and home landscape is just as important in the development of a real home as planning the house. Well-planned grounds provide a harmonious setting for the house. Let us work with you and help you with your planting problems. Artistic and satisfactory landscape effects are the result of careful planning and the proper use of the right plant material. Our Landscape Department is maintained as part of our service to our eustomers, so that you may realize the utmost pleasure and satisfaction in the use of our materials.

The ability and experience of Bulk's Nurseries are reflected in the landscaping of many fine home-grounds, estates, and public plantings throughout Long Island and suburban New York. "PLANTED BY BULK'S NURSERIES" is synonymous with first-elass workmanship, tasteful arrangement, and lasting satisfaction.

We will gladly draw sketches and plans to fit your particular needs, whether it be for a complete treatment of the entire grounds, a foundation planting, a special planting of any kind, or a revamping of an established planting. This service, in most cases, is rendered free of cost, except where elaborate plans, specifications, and special trips are necessary, in which case a small fee will be charged, which will be credited to our customer's account when order is placed.

Phone Babylon 444, or drop us a card and our representative will be glad to eall on you to make suggestions and offer advice, without obligation to you. Our service extends throughout entire Long Island and the Metropolitan area.

Appointments at your home, any day including Sunday, will be gladly made and kept.

#### NURSERY SALES SERVICE

Prompt and efficient service is available for those who wish to call and select plants to take home with them. Our Nursery is open on Sundays during planting season, and experienced nurserymen will assist you in making selections, and show you around.

#### HONEST VALUE

for every dollar invested in our products is the policy of Bulk's Nurseries, and we are proud to live up to this reputation. Our prices are as reasonable as is consistent with the highest grade of materials, and we invite you to make comparisons with any stock of similar quality.

Our nursery stock is the finest that skill and good culture can produce, and our plants have an abundance of fine fibrous roots which are so essential for continued healthy growth.

## PLANTING SEASONS

Evergreens may be planted from the time the frost leaves the ground until the latter part of June, though early planting is much preferred. Some varieties can be moved satisfactorily during the summer months. August, September, and October are excellent months.

Plant shrubs, trees, and fruit trees from the latter part of March until June, and from the middle of October until the ground freezes. Pot-grown Roses can be moved the entire summer and continue to bloom.

BULK'S NURSERIES . Babylon, Long Island, N. Y.

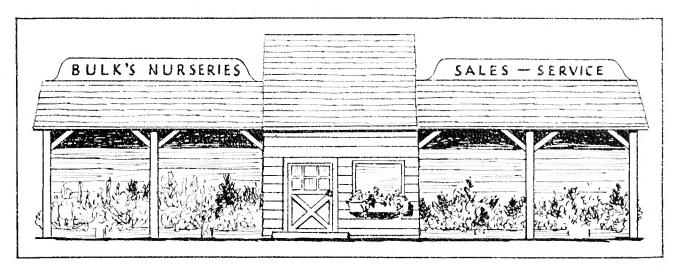
## SALES DEPARTMENT

To FACILITATE and make it convenient for home-owners to select and take along plants in their ears, we are maintaining a Sales Department where choice, freshly dug plants are taken from the Nursery and put on display, thereby saving you the time of covering our complete nursery, which is extensive.

These plants are ready to load into your car, and many customers have developed their grounds by gradually picking up plants as they ean afford them. Deliveries can be arranged by our truck, at slight additional cost.

From time to time, special sales will be conducted, and you will find our Sales Ground a place where dependable nursery stock can be obtained at unusually attractive prices.

Experienced nurserymen are at your service and will be glad to offer advice and make suggestions.



Flower seeds, lawn seed, fertilizers, and insecticides are stocked for your convenience.

To serve you, the Sales Department will be open on Sundays, holidays, and in the early evening during the planting seasons.

## GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR ORDERING AND OUR TERMS

Always give address and desired time of delivery; otherwise we forward by the most economical route. Practically all our deliveries will be made by our trucks. Our free-delivery radius, on orders amounting to \$10 or more, on plants as listed in this Catalogue, extends 30 miles from our Nursery. This enables distant customers to get the benefit of local prices. During planting season, loads are combined for each locality at least twice a week. Beyond this 30-mile limit, a small charge will be made for delivery to cover cost, unless otherwise arranged at time of sale.

The cost of planting, if we do it, is borne by the purchaser. Our charge merely covers the cost of labor, fertilizer, etc.

#### **GUARANTEE**

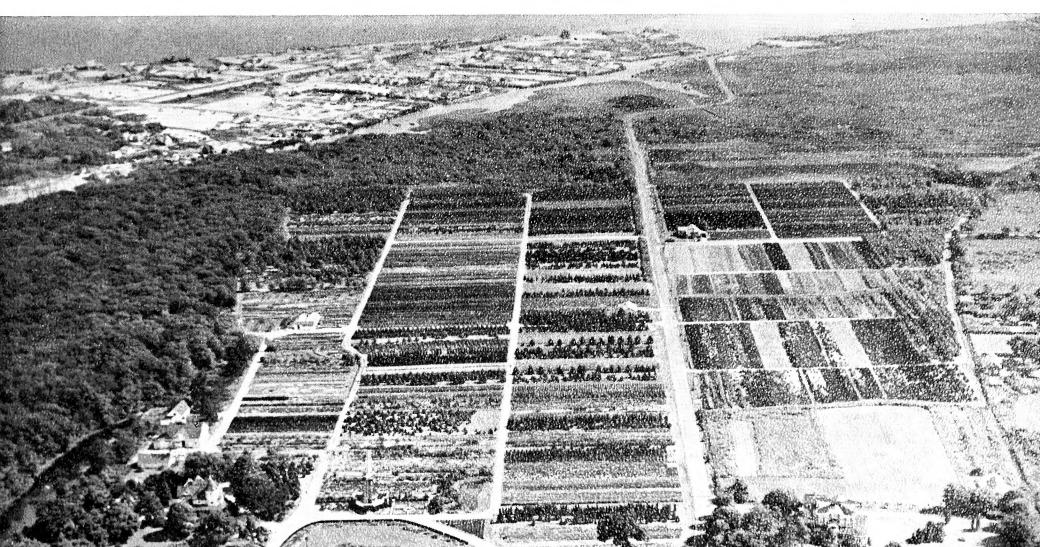
Because all our stock is freshly dug and reaches the customer in fine, healthy condition, and because of the utmost care and skill used in growing our plants, we agree to replace any plants sold, at the prices published in this book, that may die within one year from date of delivery from other causes than abuse or neglect, but we make the following reservations:

The account must be paid within 30 days from date of invoice. The customer pays the cost of delivery and planting of the replaced plants.

In the event we shall not have in stock, at the time for replacement, plants like those originally supplied, we are to apply the amount of credit representing the eost of the original plants toward the purchase of other plants that the customer may at the time select and which we can supply.

We guarantee our stock to be true to name and will replace any that proves otherwise, or refund purchase price.

The air-view below indicates to some extent the size of our nurseries. It is here that Bulk's quality stock is carefully grown for you.





## ATTRACTIVE HOME PLANTINGS

There is an inviting air of hospitality about attractively planted home-grounds. For many years our Landscape Department has been of real service in helping the home-owner realize the best possible development of the home-grounds. Careful planning is essential and our Landscape Department welcomes the opportunity of helping you plan.



Planting at Babylon

Include your Planting Program in your building budget. Attractive development of the grounds is just as important as the construction of the house, and in the end often makes or breaks the ultimate charm of the new home.

## ORNAMENTAL and SHADE TREES

IN ADDITION to the trees which are valued for their shade, there are flowering trees which, at different times during the spring and summer, shower the lawn with their bloom. Do not forget that while shade trees add materially to the property value and landscape charm of your home, the initial cost is very small as compared with the enjoyment that you receive. The average shade tree is a long investment and returns your money manifold throughout the years of its usefulness.

The abbreviation "cal." means the caliper or diameter of the tree 6 inches above the ground.

Trees where B&B. is indicated are dug with ball of earth and burlapped. For varieties not marked B&B., add 20 to 30 per cent additional to price listed for B&B., according to size of ball needed.

ACER · The Maples	JAPANESE MAPLES, continued
Acer dasycarpum. Silver Maple. Foliage light green, silvery underneath. One of the fastest-growing shade trees. Each 14 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal. \$7 50 16 to 18 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal. \$11 00 18 to 20 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal. \$16 00 18 to 20 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal. \$22 00 A. dasycarpum wieri. Wier's Cut-leaf Maple. A graceful, drooping, cut-leaved form of Maple. Very ornamental as a lawn tree. Each 14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3-in. cal. \$7 50 14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4-in. cal. \$12 00 16 to 18 ft., 4 to 5-in. cal. \$18 00 A. ginnala. Amur Maple. A graceful shrub, or small tree, up to 20 feet. The foliage is bright green and the autumn coloring is very brilliant. The flowers are fragrant.  Each Each Each 5 to 6 ft. \$2 00   8 to 10 ft. \$6 00	A. palmatum dissectum. Thread-leaf Maple. A graceful, slow-growing tree with lacy and attractive green foliage.  A. palmatum dissectum atropurpureum. Red Thread-leaf Maple. A red-leaved form of the above.  Prices of above two varieties: Each  2 to 3 ft. \$5 00   4 to 5 ft. \$25 00  3 to 4 ft. \$10 00   5 to 6 ft. \$35 00  A. palmatum atropurpureum. Blood-leaf Japanese Maple.  Blood-red leaves in the spring, which later change to dark purple. Most effective when planted with evergreens; also very showy as a lawn specimen.  Each  2 to 2½ ft. \$3 00   4 to 5 ft. \$9 00  2½ to 3 ft. 4 00   5 to 6 ft. 15 00  3 to 4 ft. 6 00   6 to 7 ft. 22 00
6 to 8 ft 3 00   8 to 10 ft	BETULA · The Birches
A. platanoides. Norway Maple. A splendid variety for street and lawn planting because of its large, rounding, spreading head and broad, dark green foliage. Very hardy. One of the best street trees.  8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1½-in. cal.  8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1¾-in. cal.  9 75  10 to 12 ft., 1¾ to 2 -in. cal.  12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal.  13 50  12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal.  14 to 16 ft., 3 to 3½-in. cal.  15 50  16 to 18 ft., 4½ to 4 -in. cal.  16 to 18 ft., 4½ to 5 -in. cal.  17 00  18 to 18 ft., 4½ to 5 -in. cal.  18 00  19 to 20 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal.  20 00  10 to 20 ft., 6 to 7 -in. cal.  20 00  20 to 26 ft., 7 to 8 -in. cal.  3 50  20 cal.  4 25  25 275  26 275  27 275  28 275  29 200  20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	Betula alba. European White Birch. A tall, graeeful tree of moderately quick growth, with spray-like branches and silvery bark. It makes a valuable specimen tree for the lawn and is excellent for group planting.  6 to 8 ft.  52 00  6 to 8-ft. clump  3 00  8 to 10 ft.  3 50  8 to 10-ft. clump  5 00  8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 2 -in. cal.  4 50  10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½-in. eal.  7 00  10 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal.  10 to 12 to 14 ft., 3 to 4 -in. cal.  15 00  B. alba laciniata. Cut-leaf Weeping Birch. Leaves deeply serrated, produced on drooping branches. White bark. Very graceful.  Each  10 to 12 ft.  \$6 00   12 to 14 ft.  \$8 00
A. platanoides schwedleri. Schwedler Maple. A variety of Norway Maple which has red leaves in early summer,	CATALPA
changing to a purplish tint.  Each  12 to 14 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal.  12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -in. cal.  9 00  14 to 16 ft., 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal.  12 00  A. rubrum. Red Maple. Dense foliage and beautiful fall coloring make this a popular variety. Succeeds in wet situations where no other Maple will live.  Each  10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 -in. cal.  55 00  14 to 16 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal.  8 00  14 to 16 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -in. cal.  10 00  16 to 18 ft., 3 to 4 -in. cal.  11 00	CATALPA  Catalpa bignonioides nana. Umbrella Tree. Small tree with rounded head and small leaves on a straight stem. Most valuable for formal effects and usually planted in pairs.  4 to 6-ft. stems, 4-year head.  53 50  C. speciosa. Western Catalpa. Quick-growing tree with somewhat coarse leaves. Most useful for planting near the shore. Flowers are white, spotted with brown.  Each 12 to 14 ft., 3 to 4-in. cal.  10 00
IADANIECE MADIEC	CERCIS · The Red-Bud
JAPANESE MAPLES  All Japanese Maples, B&B  Acer palmatum (polymorphum). Japanese Maple. Dense, graceful habit, with foliage that assumes the most striking colors. Suitable for specimens and for color effect in mixed plantings.  Each  5 to 6 ft. \$7 00   8 to 10 ft. \$18 00 6 to 8 ft. 12 00   10 to 12 ft. 25 00	Cercis canadensis. American Red-bud. An abundance of a most unusual shade of reddish flowers covers the tree in April before the large, heart-shaped leaves appear. Very effective combined with dogwood.  Each  Sto 4 ft

### THE DOGWOODS ARE AMERICA'S FINEST FLOWERING TREES

#### CORNUS · The Dogwoods

All Cornus, B&B

Cornus florida.	White-flowering Dogwood	d. Of regular habit,
	, open top. Showy whit	
tree in May be	efore the leaves appear	and in autumn the
green leaves tu	rn dark red.	

		Each		Each
4 to	5 ft	\$3 00	10 to 12 ft	\$15 00
			12 to 14 ft	
			14 to 16 ft	
	10 ft			

# C. florida rubra. Pink-flowering Dogwood. One of the finest flowering trees, of similar habit to the white Dogwood, except that the blossoms are of a lovely pink shade. While it is beautiful blooming by itself, it is especially lovely when planted among trees of the white variety.

Each		Each
2 to 3 ft \$2 00	7 to 8 ft	.\$14 00
3 to 4 ft	8 to 9 ft	. 18 00
4 to 5 ft 4 00		
5 to 6 ft 6 00		
6 to 7 ft 10 00		

6 to 7 ft	0
C. florida plena. Double-flo	wering Dogwood. Blooms about
10 days later than C. flori	da and thus prolongs the Dog-
wood bloom. Each	Each
2 to 3 ft \$2 0	0   4 to 5 ft\$5 00
3 to 4 ft 3 0	0   5 to 6 ft 7 50

#### CRATÆGUS · The Hawthorns

- Cratægus cordata. Washington Hawthorn. A very desirable small tree of compact growth. Will thrive in any soil. Bears white flowers in June followed by rich scarlet berries in the fall.
- C. oxyacantha splendens. Paul's Scarlet Hawthorn. A mass of double, rich, deep crimson flowers. Luxuriant foliage. Excellent specimen tree.
- C. oxyacantha rosea plena. Double Pink-flowering Hawthorn. Resembles the above, with pale pink blossoms.

Prices of above three varieties: Each		Each
4 to 5 ft\$3 50		
5 to 6 ft 4 50	8 to 10 ft	9 00

#### FAGUS · The Beeches

All Beech B&B

Fagus syl	lvatica r	iversi.	Rivers	Beech.	A	medium	-sized
tree of p	oyramidal	form, v	vith brig	ght purp	ole fe	oliage.	Com-
pact, syr	nmetrical	growth	and a v	aluable	lawr	specim	en.

Each	Eacn
6 to 8 ft\$13 00	
8 to 10 ft 16 00	12 to 14 ft 25 00
F. sylvatica. European Beech.	A form of the above with
bright green foliage. Each	Each
6 to 8 ft\$9 00	8 to 10 ft\$12 00

#### GINKGO

Ginkgo biloba.	Maiden	hair Tree.	An unus	ual-looking	tree
of upright grov					

																									ch	
6 t	0	8	ft.													 							\$4	Į.	00	)
8 t	O	10	ft.																				. 6	5	00	)
8 t	0	10	ft.,	2	to	, 2	1/	5-1	in	ca	1.		,	,			,						. 8	3	00	)

#### HALESIA

growing tree with sprays of white flowers in spring.	Halesia tetraptera.	Great	Silverbell. A	n attractive,	bushy-
	growing tree with s	sprays	of white flow	ers in spring.	

	Each	Each
ft	\$1 25	\$3 50

#### LIQUIDAMBAR . The Sweet Gum

All Sweet Gum B&B

Liquidambar	styraciflua. Sweet Gum. A symmetrically
	with star-shaped leaves and beautiful fall Each Each
coloring.	\$2 50   6 to 8 ft\$4 50
	3 50

#### MALUS · The Flowering Crabs

- Malus arnoldiana. A beautiful variety with semi-double pink flowers.
- M. atrosanguinea. Brilliant carmine.
- M. eleyi. Eley Crab. This variety has purple foliage and bright purple flowers.
- M. ioensis plena. Bechtel Crab. One of the most beautiful of the Flowering Crabs, producing large, double, fragrant pink flowers resembling miniature roses. Makes a compact, upright specimen.
- M. niedzwetzkyana. Masses of deep pink flowers.
- M. parkmani. This variety has attractive pendent red flowers.

Prices of above six varieties:	Each		Each
4 to 5 ft	\$2 50	6 to 8 f	ft\$6 00
5 to 6 ft	3 75	8 to 10 f	ft., spec\$9 00 up

#### MAGNOLIA · The Magnolias

- Magnolia soulangeana. Saucer Magnolia. A sturdy tree of moderate size, covered in April with large white flowers, tinged purple on the outside, before the leaves appear. A very handsome and ornamental flowering tree.
- M. soulangeana alba superba. Large Saucer Magnolia. This is a small-tree type with pure white flowers borne in great profusion.
- M. soulangeana alexandrina. Alexander Magnolia. Flow-crs similar to Soulangeana, but appearing about 10 days later.

Prices of above three varieties: Each	Each
2 to 3 ft\$3 00	5 to 6 ft\$9 00
3 to 4 ft 4 00	6 to 7 ft 12 00
4 to 5 ft 6 00	7 to 8 ft

M. soulangeana nigra. Purple Saucer Magnolia. A variety of Soulangeana with dark purple flowers. Blooms in late May, making it the latest blooming Magnolia.

		Eacn			Eacu
2	to 3 ft	\$4 00	4 to 5 !	ft	\$10 00
	to 4 ft				
_					CONTROL   1945

M. stellata. Star Magnolia. This is a slow-growing variety and becomes wide-spreading in time. The pure white, starlike flowers open before the leaves, sometimes in March, and have a very delicate fragrance.

Each	Each
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$3 00   $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	14 00
3 to 3½ ft 7 00	

#### MORUS · The Mulberry

Morus alba pendula.	Weeping Mull	berry. One of	of the best
small weeping lawn	trees, forming	a perfect,	umbrella-
shaped head of light	green foliage.	Fruit reddi	sh purple.
Very thrifty and hard	ly.		Each
4 to 6-ft. stem, 4 to 7-	-yr. head	\$	4 to \$7 00

#### NYSSA · The Pepperidge

Nyssa sylvatica.	Sour-Gum; i	Pepperidge	Tree. A	very fine
ornamental tree				brilliant
autumnal tints.				Each
	Each	6 to 8 f	t\$6	to \$10 00
5 to 6 ft	\$4 to \$6.00	8 to 10 f	t \$8	to 12 00

### The Outdoor Living-Room Invites You

Even the smallest home-grounds have possibilities for an inviting garden-room where the family can find enjoyment and relaxation. Let us help you realize these possibilities on your grounds. Trees, shrubs, evergreens and flowers form the living furnishings of the garden-room, and the green grass is the carpet. The privacy afforded enables gracious entertainment, an inviting nook where you can finish a bit of needle-point, or Dad can enjoy his pipe.

Outdoor Living-Room effects need not be expensive—we can plan it so it can be developed over several seasons.

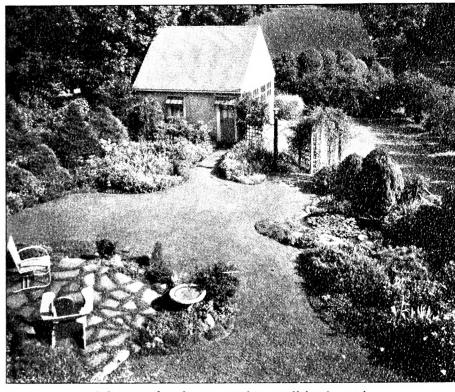


A haven for relaxation

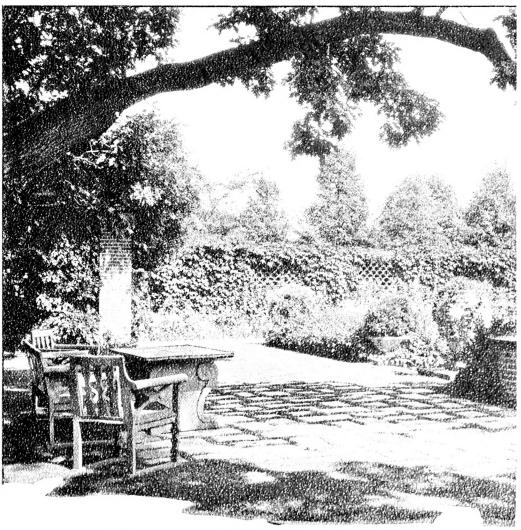


Attractive Rock-Garden Pool combination planted for Mrs. Malcolm Spooner, of Floral Park

Photo by Zella S. Mitchell



A homey development of a small back yard



A flagstone terrace provides a delightful setting for an outdoor living-room

### FLOWERING TREES FURNISH BOTH SHADE AND BEAUTY

OXYDENDRUM  All Sourwood B&B  Oxydendrum arboreum. Sourwood. An excellent native shrub or tree with loose panieles of white flowers in July. Brilliant fall foliage tints of bronze-red. Each  Each   4 to 5 ft. \$3 50 2 to 3 ft. \$1 75   6 to 8 ft. 8 00 3 to 4 ft. 2 50   8 to 10 ft. 10 00	Quercus rubra. American Red Oak. A handsome tree with stately aspect. Ideal for lawn or street planting. Foliage turns red in autumn.         8 to 10 ft., 1       to $1\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal.       \$5 00         10 to 12 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2       -in. cal.       7 00         10 to 12 ft., 2       to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal.       10 00         12 to 14 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3       -in. cal.       14 00         14 to 16 ft., 3       to 4       -in. cal.       25 00
POPULUS	SALIX • The Willows Salix babylonica. Babylon Weeping Willow. Probably the
Populus nigra italica. Lombardy Poplar. An upright, extremely rapid-growing tree, tall, slender, pencil-shaped. Excellent for either landscape accent or screen purposes. The leaves are pale green, lighter beneath.  Each  Each  12 to 14 ft\$3.50 to \$5 00  8 to 10 ft\$1 50   14 to 18 ft\$5 to 10 00  10 to 12 ft\$2 50   18 to 24 ft\$10 to 18 00	best-known Willow. It has very drooping, long, slender branches of olive-green, and will grow in any good soil, but prefers moist situations.    Each   Each   Each
PRUNUS	SORBUS · The Mountain-Ash
The Flowering Plums and Cherries  Prunus cerasifera pissardi blireana. Purple-tinted Plum. Purple-tinted foliage with apple-blossom-pink flowers in spring.  P. cerasifera pissardi, Newport. Improved Purple-leaf Plum. A handsome small tree with deeper color than the original Purple-leaf Plum. The foliage retains its rich color all season. Very showy pink flowers in spring.	Sorbus aucuparia. European Mountain-Ash. A well-shaped tree, valuable for the small lawn. The great clusters of scarlet berries, produced in abundance from July to winter, make it very attractive.  6 to 8 ft.  8 to 10 ft.  10 to 12 ft., 1¾ to 2-in. cal  8 well-shaped tree, well-shaped scarlet bereis of scarlet berries, produced in abundance from July to winter, make it very attractive.  Each  3 50  4 00
P. cerasifera pissardi, Vesuvius. Purple-leat Plum. An	TILIA · The Lindens
excellent new variety of Purple-leaf Plum with brilliant reddish purple foliage all summer. Pink blossoms in spring. Prices of above three varieties: Each Each 5 to 6 ft. \$3 00   6 to 8 ft. \$5 00  JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRIES  These are the famous Flowering Cherries of Japan, famous here because of the wonderful collection which attracts so many visitors to Potomac Park, Washington, D. C. The trees are eovered with a profusion of beautiful red, pink, or rose blossoms. They flower early and make wonderful specimens.  Prunus, Amanogawa. Semi-double; pink flowers.  P., Hisakura. Double; pale pink.  P., Kanzan. Reddish pink.  P., Mt. Fuji. Large, double, snow-white flowers.  P., Yoshino. Single white flowers; red buds.  Prices of above varieties: Each Each 4 to 5 ft. \$2 50   8 to 10 ft. \$12 00 5 to 6 ft. 4 00   10 to 12 ft. 18 00 6 to 8 ft. 7 00   12 to 14 ft. 25 00  P. subhirtella pendula. Japanese Weeping Pink-flowering	Tilia americana. American Linden. This rapid-growing tree, which has broad leaves, forms a shapely specimen. Attractive and makes an excellent shade tree.  12 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3-in. cal
Cherry. Splendid as a lawn specimen. Each 5 to 6-ft. stems, 6 to 8-yr. heads	the Elms, stately and dignified. Of spreading habit, with
P. subhirtella rosea plena pendula. Japanese Weeping Double Pink-flowering Cherry. Brilliant display of double pink blooms.  5 to 6-ft. stems, 1 to 2-yr. heads	drooping branches. A fine tree for either street or lawn.  U. moline. Moline Elm. New variety of very strong growth and large, attractive foliage. Vase shaped. An unusually desirable tree.  Prices of above two varieties:  12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½-in. cal.  14 to 18 ft., 2½ to 3 -in. cal.  15 00  16 to 18 ft., 3½ to 4 -in. cal.  15 00
Quercus palustris. Pin Oak. A very beautiful tree, with	16 to 18 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal
graceful, drooping branches. Bright green foliage with sharp points, which turns deep red in fall.       Each         8 to 10 ft., $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 -in. cal.       \$5 00         10 to 12 ft., 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal.       8 00         10 to 12 ft., $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -in. cal.       12 50         12 to 14 ft., 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ -in. cal.       18 00         14 to 16 ft., $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 -in. cal.       25 00         14 to 16 ft., 4 to 5 -in. cal.       35 00         16 to 20 ft., 5 to 6 -in. cal.       50 00	drought-resisting, with beautiful shiny dark green foliage.         Very graceful tree and an extremely rapid grower. Will grow almost anywhere.       Each         6 to 8 ft.       \$1 75         14 to 16 ft., 3 to 4-in. cal.       12 00         16 to 18 ft., 4 to 5-in. cal.       18 00         18 to 22 ft., 5 to 6-in. cal.       25 00         22 to 28 ft., 6 to 7-in. cal.       40 00         22 to 28 ft., 7 to 8-in. eal.       55 00

## FLOWERING SHRUBS



HETHER planted individually or collectively, shrubs are an important feature in the adornment of any grounds. In groups they can be made to emphasize some feature of the lawn, to screen the garage, the laundry-yard, or some unsightly view. Among borders of the lawn, along walks and drives and in corners, collections of shrubs may be gathered that will give a succession of bloom from early spring until fall. In the list that follows will be found shrubs for all such purposes.

Except where noted otherwise, a charge will be made for digging shrubs with ball of earth (B&B.), as follows: 1 to 2 ft., 15 cts. each; 2 to 3 ft., 20 cts.; 3 to 4 ft., 25 cts.; 4 to 5 ft., 35 cts.; 5 to 6 ft., 50 cts.; 6 to 7 ft., 75 cts.; 7 to 8 ft., \$1.

#### AZALEAS

For Evergreen Azaleas, see page 16 All Azaleas B&B

Azalea calendulacea. Flame Azalea. A brilliant f	lowering
shrub, with great clusters of yellow and orange-red	d flowers
produced in May and June before the leaves	appear.
Vigorous grower and remarkably showy. Prefers r	noisture.
Each	Each

Laci	Lach
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 to 4 ft\$4 00 4 to 5 ft
Ironantori Torch Agalog	A handsome tall growing to

A. kaempferi. Torch Azalea. A handsome, tall-growing variety, with blossoms that vary from bright red to salmonpink in May. One of the showiest shrubs in cultivation.

				Eacl							ach
12	to	15	in	\$1 5	$0 \mid$	$2\frac{1}{2}$	to 3	ft	 	. \$3	75
15	to :	18	in	2 0	00 [	3	to 4	ft	 	. 5	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft	2 5	$\downarrow 0$	4	to 5	ft	 	. 7	-00
2	to	$2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	3 0	00	5	to 6	ft	 	. 10	00

A. kaempferi Hybrids. New varieties of the Torch Azalea with lovely colors, making charming combinations.

Aida. Clear pin		Lonengrin. Orchid.	
Fedora. Salmon	n-rose.	Norma. Deep pink.	
		Orange-red.	
rices of above varieties:	Each		

	Otnello	• Orange-red.	
Prices of above varieties:			Each
12 to 15 in	\$2 00	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$3 00
15 to 18 in	2 50	$2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 50

<b>Azalea mollis.</b> Chinese Azalea. Of dwarf, bushy h	
large, showy clusters of flowers in shades of lemo	
and red appearing in May and June. Hardy.	Each
12 to 15 in\$2 00   $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$3 00
15 to 18 in	4 00

A. mucronulatum. Mongolian Azalea. A ra	re variety of
Chinese Azalea with pinkish lavender flowers.	Blooms with
forsythia. Can be used in shrub border.	Each
- 1 2 21/6	# 3 OO

IOIS y CILIA.	Can De	used III siii	ab border	L. (-C11
			2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$	ft	\$2 00	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4 00
11/2 to 2	f+	2.50	3 to 1 ft	5.00

- A. vaseyi. Pinkshell Azalea. A tall-growing type, bearing clear light pink flowers in April and May. Foliage turns deep crimson in fall. Each 2 to 2½ ft.....\$3 50 | 2½ to 3 ft.....\$4 50
- A. viscosa. Swamp Azalea. Vigorous shrub, with an abundance of fragrant, white flowers in June. While it is partial to moist places, it will do well in the shrub border and in partial shade. Each ..\$2 50 .. 3 50 2 to 3 ft...... 5 to 6 ft..... 6 to 7 ft..... 3 to 4 ft.....

Deduct 10 per cent of unit price for 10 or more of one variety in one size

### DON'T OVERLOOK THE BEAUTIFUL BUDDLEIA, CHARMING

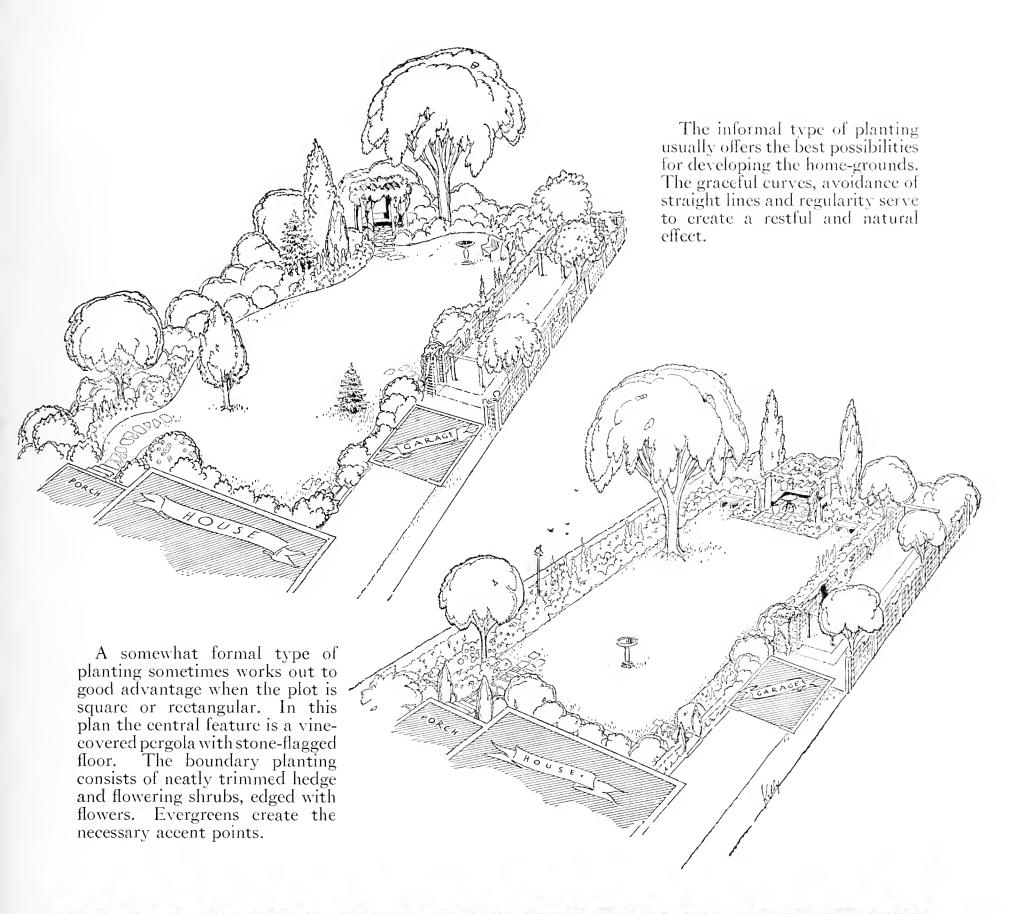
AMELANCHIER	CALYCANTHUS
Amelanchier canadensis. Downy Shadblow. White flowers in early spring before the leaves, and in June sweet berries	Calycanthus floridus. Old-fashioned Strawberry Shrub. Old-fashioned shrub with chocolate-colored blossoms. The
very much relished by birds.  Each  Each  Each	leaves, when crushed, have fragrance.  Each Each
5 to 6 ft \$2 50   8 to 10 ft \$6 50 6 to 8 ft 4 00	2 to 3 ft\$0 75   4 to 5 ft\$1 50 3 to 4 ft
AMYGDALUS	CARAGANA
Amygdalus communis. Double Pink-flowering Almond. Produces very double, pink flowers in great abundance in May. A most charming early-flowering shrub.  A. communis alba. Double-flowering Almond. Same as	Caragana arborescens. Siberian Pea-tree. A tall-growing shrub with bright yellow flowers in June. Each  Each   3 to 4 ft\$0 75  2 to 3 ft\$0 50   4 to 5 ft
above, with white flowers.	CLETHRA
Prices of above two varieties: Each 2 to 3 ft\$1 00   3 to 4 ft\$1 50	Clethra alnifolia. Summersweet. A slow-growing shrub with spikes of white, fragrant flowers from July to September.
ARONIA	Valuable for moist, shady places.
Aronia arbutifolia. Red Chokeberry. A dense shrub with clusters of white flowers in May followed by red berries persisting until late fall. Brilliant foliage tints in autumn.  Each  Each	Each 2 to 3 ft. \$0.75   4 to 5 ft. \$1.50 3 to 4 ft. 1 00   5 to 6 ft. 2 00
2 to 3 ft \$0.75   4 to 5 ft \$1.50	CORNUS
3 to 4 ft 1 00    BERBERIS • Barberry	Cornus mas. Cornelian Cherry. Before the forsythia blooms, this shrub is a mass of bright yellow. Attractive berries in late summer.  Each  Each  Carry  Carry  Each
Berberis mentorensis. Mentor Barberry. Plant Patent	2 to 3 ft\$1 00   4 to 5 ft\$1 75 3 to 4 ft
No. 99. A new, outstanding variety of Barberry. Upright in growth; rich dark green foliage which is practically ever-	C. sanguinea. Blood-twig Dogwood. This variety has purplish
green. Excellent for hedges; requires virtually no pruning.  Each 10	red branches and greenish white flowers, followed by black fruit. In contrast with other shrubs it produces pleasing effects.  Each  Each
* 1½ to 2 ft 70 5 00	2 to 3 ft\$0 50   4 to 5 ft\$0 85 3 to 4 ft
* 2 to 2½ ft	C. stolonifera flaviramea. Golden-twig Dogwood. The
plant, with rich green foliage in summer and in the autumn very brilliantly colored, with searlet berries. Useful also for mass planting.  1 to 1½ ft.  \$0 25 \$2 00 \$15 00 1½ to 2 ft.  \$35 3 00 25 00 2 to 2½ ft.  \$45 4 00 35 00  B. thunbergi atropurpurea. New Red-leaved Japanese Barberry. Foliage of rich, bronzy red all summer, changing	branches are yellow, making a marked contrast with the red-barked sort mentioned above. Very attractive in winter.  C. paniculata. Gray Dogwood. White flowers in June and July, white berries in September, relished by birds.  Prices of above two varieties: Each  2 to 3 ft\$0 60   4 to 5 ft\$1 00  3 to 4 ft\$5 to 6 ft\$1
to a vivid orange in the fall. Each 10 100 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	COTONEASTER All Cotoneaster B&B
1 to 1 1/2 ft.	Cotoneaster horizontalis. Rock Cotoneaster. Small, box- like leaves and brilliant red berries. The horizontal, prostrate branches form flat sprays with branchlets arranged in fish- bonefashion. For the rock-garden or border.
BUDDLEIA	Each       2       to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       \$2       25         1       to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       \$1       25 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3       ft.       3       50 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2       ft.       1       75       3       to 4       ft.       5       00
Buddleia alternifolia. Chinese Butterfly Bush. (New.) Splendid, new variety with arching branches covered with	C. divaricata. Spreading Cotoneaster. An attractive, spreading shrub with glossy dark green leaves and bright red
beautiful lilac-purple flowers in clusters from July to October. Each Each 3 to 4 ft\$1 00   4 to 5 ft\$1 50	berries in fall. Each 1½ to 2 ft \$1 00   $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft \$1 75 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 1 25   3 to 4 ft 2 50
B., Charming. (New.) One of the most outstanding new plants. Great profusion of attractive lavender-pink blooms	CYDONIA
throughout summer and early autumn.	Cydonia japonica rubra grandiflora. Japanese Quince.
<b>B., Ile de France.</b> (New.) Greatly superior to old varieties. Huge spikes of brilliant, fragrant, rosy violet-purple flowers.	Large, deep crimson and orange-red blossoms, produced in great masses as the leaves come out. Glossy foliage.
Prices of above two varieties: Each 2-yr	Each 1½ to 2 ft \$0 50   2 to 2½ ft \$0 75
	PLANT TREES FOR YOUR CHILDREN
CALLICARPA Callicarpa purpurea. Chinese Beautyberry. Clusters of lilac-	Many parents have planted trees and designated them for their children, who have seen the trees growing up with them-
violet berries cover this plant in the fall. Unusually attractive in the garden. Each 2 to 3 ft	selves. Unquestionably their lives have been enriched as a result. Many fine shade trees could be planted for this purpose. Perhaps the Elm which is so graceful, or the Oak with its enduring solid growth, or a flowering tree might be appropriate.

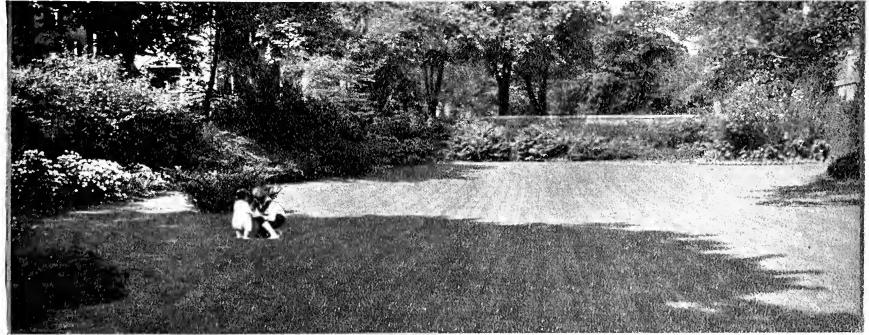
#### A GORDONIA WILL ADD DISTINCTION TO THE GARDEN

DAPHNE	EODGVTHIA
Daphne mezereum. Flowering Daphne. An interesting	FORSYTHIA
shrub with lilac-purple, fragrant flowers in early spring.  Each  1½ to 2 ft\$1 50   2 to 2½ ft\$2 00	Forsythia intermedia. Border Golden Bell. An upright- growing shrub and a profuse bloomer. In April, before any leaves appear, the stems are simply smothered in a mass of golden yellow flowers. The shrub, when full grown, has slightly curved, graceful branches.
DEUTZIA	F. spectabilis. Showy Border Golden Bell. Most profuse
<b>Deutzia gracilis.</b> Slender Deutzia. A profusion of small white flowers completely covers this dwarf shrub, especially valuable for border or foundation planting.	blooming of all the Forsythias. Flowers are large and rich golden yellow.  F. suspensa. Weeping Forsythia. A weeping form with
Each 1½ to 2ft\$1 00   2 to 2½ ft\$1 50	slender, pendulous branches and golden yellow blooms.
D. gracilis rosea. Slender Rose Deutzia. A form of the above with pink flowers.	F. suspensa fortunei. Fortune Golden Bell. The arching branches of this upright-growing shrub are covered with a profusion of rich yellow flowers and later on by broad, deep green foliage.
<b>D. lemoinei.</b> Lemoine Deutzia. A dwarf form up to 4 fcet with snowy white flowers in late May and early Junc.	F. viridissima. Green-stem Golden Bell. More bushy in habit
Prices of above two varieties: Each  15 to 18 in\$0 60   2½ to 3 ft\$1 50  1½ to 2 ft75   3 to 4 ft	than the other varieties. Rich green foliage. Not quite as profuse in blooming as the other sorts and a little later. Useful for prolonging the Forsythia season.
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	Prices of above varieties:       Each         2 to 3 ft
Each Each 2 to 3 ft	4 to 5 ft
3 to 4 ft. 65 6 to 7 ft. 2 00 4 to 5 ft. 85 7 to 8 ft. 3 00	HAMAMELIS
ELSHOLTZIA	<b>Hamamelis mollis.</b> Chinese Witchbazel. Considered to be the best of the family. Larger flowers with broad petals;
Elsholtzia stauntoni. An attractive shrub with sweet-	golden yellow with reddish base. Blooms in February.
scented spikes of lilac-purple flowers in late summer and fall.  Each  Each	Each 1½ to 2 ft\$1 50   2 to 3 ft\$2 00
3-yr. plants\$0 75   4-yr. plants\$1 00	H. virginiana. Witchbazel. The latest shrub to bloom.  After foliage has fallen, bright yellow flowers appear in
ENKIANTHUS	great profusion. Each Each 2 to 3 ft
Enkianthus campanulatus. Redvein Enkianthus. A plant resembling azalea in growth, with pink, bell-shaped flowers like andromeda in May, and beautiful foliage tints in fall.	3 to 4 ft
Each 1½ to 2 ft\$1 50   3 to 4 ft\$3 50	HIBISCUS
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. \$1 50   3 to 4 ft. \$3 50 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 00   4 to 5 ft. 5 00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 2 50   All Enkianthus B&B	Hibiscus syriacus. Rose of Sharon. Tall-growing shrubs producing in profusion large, handsome, double flowers in shades of pink, white, violet, and red in late summer.
EUONYMUS	Boule de Feu. Double; purplish red.
Euonymus alatus. Winged Euonymus. An unusual shrub of dwarf, compact habit, with yellowish flowers, followed	Celestis. Single; sky-blue.  Jeanne d'Arc. Double; white.
by red berries in autumn. The foliage is a brilliant red in the fall. Branches are winged, with a peculiar corky bark.	Lucy. Double; red.  Prices of above four varieties: Each  Each
E. yedoensis. Yeddo Euonymus. Large shrub producing a profusion of colorful pink and orange berries. Leaves bright red in the fall. The showiest of all the bush Euonymus.	2 to 3 ft \$0 60   4 to 5 ft \$1 50 3 to 4 ft 1 00
Priore of above two varieties. Each	HYDRANGEA
1½ to 2 ft\$0 60   3 to 4 ft\$1 50 2 to 3 ft	Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora. Hills of Snow. The large clusters of pure snow-white flowers average 4 to 5 inches in diameter and appear in July and August. Suitable
Exochorda grandiflora. Pearlbush. A graceful shrub with	for either sunny or shady positions.
slender, arching branches and clusters of large, pure white flowers in May.  Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 50   4 to 5 ft\$1 00	2 to 3 ft\$0 75   3 to 4 ft\$1 00  H. paniculata grandiflora. Peegee Hydrangea. An extremely well-known variety, bearing large, conical-shaped
3 to 4 ft	trusses of white blooms in late summer and early fall, changing to pink and red as the season advances.
GORDONIA (Franklinia)  All Gordonia B&B	Each 2 to 3 ft \$0 50   4 to 5 ft \$1 00 3 to 4 ft
Gordonia alatamaha. A very rare large shrub or small	ILEX
tree found in 1790, but since lost and only recently rediscovered. Produces large white flowers in autumn and has handsome glossy foliage. Should be in every plant-lover's garden.  Each  Each	Ilex verticillata. Winterberry. An attractive, upright shrub with bright red berries persisting to midwinter. Berries are particularly appropriate for the Christmas season.  Each  Each
4 to 5 ft\$5 00   6 to 7 ft\$12 00 5 to 6 ft7 50   7 to 8 ft15 00	2 to 3 ft\$0 75   4 to 5 ft\$1 50 3 to 4 ft

### ALL SYMPHORICARPOS HAVE LOVELY ORNAMENTAL BERRIES

KERRIA	PHILADELPHUS · Mock Orange
Kerria japonica flore-pleno. Double Japanese Kerria. Of erect habit, slender, green-branehed. The long, elean stems	Philadelphus, Mont Blanc. White Mountain Mock Orange. A choice hybrid variety of Mock Orange with lovely large
bear very double flowers which have the appearance of little balls of gold. A constant bloomer from June to	white flowers.  P., Virginal. Virginal Mock Orange. A handsome, erect
September.         Each         Each           1½ to 2 ft.         \$0.60   2 to 3 ft.         \$1.00	shrub, blooming nearly all summer; large double white flowers; very fragrant.
KOLKWITZIA	Prices of above two varieties: Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 50   4 to 5 ft\$1 00
Kolkwitzia amabilis. Beauty Bush. (New.) A handsome, new shrub from China. Makes long, graceful sprays of	3 to 4 ft
foliage and is completely covered with delicate pink flowers in June. One of E. H. Wilson's introductions and he consid-	profusion of fragrant, white, showy flowers in June.  P. grandiflorus. Big Scentless Mock Orange. This vigorous
ered it one of his most important discoveries. It is slow to be-	variety grows very rapidly, bearing large, white, showy flowers in June.
3 to 4 ft\$1 00   4 to 5 ft\$1 50	Disability of the same confering Early
LIGUSTRUM · The Privets	2 to 3 ft \$0 50   4 to 5 ft \$0 85 3 to 4 ft 65   5 to 6 ft 1 25
Ligustrum ibota. <i>Ibota Privet</i> . A compact-growing shrub with good foliage and black berries in autumn. Useful	PHOTINIA
for hedges. 10 100 10 100 2 to 3 ft\$2 50 \$20 00   4 to 5 ft\$5 00 \$40 00	Photinia villosa. Chinese Christmas Berry. A beautiful shrub with a profusion of white flowers in May and red
3 to 4 ft 4 00 30 00   L. ibota regelianum. Regel's Privet. Has a dense, spreading	berrics in autumn and winter. Rieh foliage eolor in fall.
habit with horizontal, arching branches. Attractive black berries in fall and winter. Makes an attractive informal	3 to 4 ft \$0.75   5 to 6 ft \$1.75 4 to 5 ft 1.25   6 to 7 ft 2.50
hedge. 10 100 10 1½ to 2 ft\$4 00 \$30 00   3 to 4 ft\$9 00	PHYSOCARPUS
2 to 3 ft 5 00 40 00	Physocarpus opulifolius (Spiræa opulifolia). Ninebark.
L. ovalifolium. California Privet. The most popular hedge- plant. Lends itself well to shearing and does exceptionally	A strong-growing shrub and a splendid plant for shady places. White flowers are produced along the stems, from
well on Long Island. 10 100 11½ to 2 ft	which the bark hangs in long shreds and stripes.  Each  Each
2 to 3 ft., 2 yrs	3 to 4 ft \$0 60   5 to 6 ft \$1 25 4 to 5 ft 85   6 to 7 ft 1 75
LONICERA · The Bush Honeysuckle	PRUNUS . The Beach Plum
Lonicera fragrantissima. Winter Honeysuckle. A beautiful, semi-evergreen shrub, with fragrant flowers in April	Prunus maritima. Beach Plum. A native shrub with white
and May. It is a strong-growing shrub and reaches a height of about 8 feet.	flowers and purple, edible fruit. Splendid for sandy soil or near seashore. Each 3 to 4 ft\$1 00   5 to 6 ft\$2 50
L. morrowi. Morrow Honeysuckle. Yellowish white flowers	3 to 4 ft\$1 00   5 to 6 ft\$2 50 4 to 5 ft
in May and June, followed by bright red berries in summer.  The plant has wide-spreading branches and dark green	RHODOTYPOS
foliage, grayish beneath. It is a splendid shrub.  Prices of above two varieties: Each 2 to 3 ft\$0 60   4 to 5 ft\$1 00	Rhodotypos kerrioides. Jetbead. A bushy shrub with fresh green foliage and white flowers in May and June, followed
3 to 4 ft	by jet-black berries all winter. Will grow in shade.
L. tatarica grandiflora. Bride Honeysuckle. Flowers in pink shades from light to dark. Red berries.	Each 1½ to 2 ft\$0 50   2 to 3 ft\$0 60
Each   4 to 5 ft\$0 85 3 to 4 ft\$0 60   5 to 6 ft	STEPHANANDRA
L. tatarica rosea. Rosy Tatarian Honeysuckle. Bright rose- pink flowers in June, with orange-scarlet berries in late sum-	Stephanandra flexuosa. Cutleaf Stephanandra. Drooping branches eovered with deeply cut light green foliage. White
mer and fall. Each 2 to 3 ft \$0 75   3 to 4 ft \$1 00	flowers. A very graeeful shrub.  Each  Each
LESPEDEZA	2 to 3 ft\$0 60   3 to 4 ft\$0 85
Lespedeza formosa. Purple Bush Clover. Producing long, drooping racemes of pea-shaped rosy purple flowers in	SYMPHORICARPOS
September when showy flowering shrubs are extremely	Symphoricarpos chenaulti. Improved Coralberry. A neat, bushy shrub with fine foliage and coral-red berries in
scarce.       Each       Each         2-yr.       \$0.75   3-yr.       \$1.00	autumn. Excellent for massing on banks, and partial shade. <b>S. racemosus.</b> Snowberry. A fine, bushy shrub with decora-
MYRICA · Bayberry	tive leaves, flourishing in partial shade. White, waxy berries produced in abundance in the fall.
Myrica caroliniensis. Northern Bayberry. A low, spreading shrub with fragrant foliage and gray waxy berries.	S. vulgaris. Coralberry. More compact than above variety. Clusters of red berries through the winter. For massing on
Engh	hillsides, partial shade and hedges.
2 to 2½ ft. \$1 00   4 to 5 ft. \$2 50 2½ to 3 ft. 1 35   5 to 6 ft. 3 50 3 to 4 ft. 1 75	Prices of above three varieties; Each $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$0 30   3 to 4 ft\$0 60 2 to 3 ft45
'	·





Open lawns are restful

### PLANT HYBRID LILACS FOR BEAUTY AND FRAGRANCE

#### SPIRÆA

Spiræa bumalda, Anthony Waterer. Crimson Spir	rea. A free-
blooming, compact shrub, with deep pink flowers	s in broad,
flat heads in July and August. Dwarf in habit an	id makes a
desirable low hedge. Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft \$0.50 \ \frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{2}\$ to 3 ft	\$1 00
$2 - \text{to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 75$	
	I. C.

- S. thunbergi. Thunberg Spirea. Attaining a height of not over 5 feet, this shrub is of particularly graceful habit. Bears an abundance of small white flowers in April and May, and in autumn the long, narrow foliage turns to orange and scarlet. Each

  2 to 3 ft.........\$0 60 | 3 to 4 ft........\$0 85
- S. trichocarpa. Korean Spirea. (New.) A spreading, arching shrub bearing clusters of snowy flowers, resembling the Vanhouttei, but larger and broader, and blooming later.
- S. vanhouttei. Bridal Wreath. In May the gracefully arching branches are covered with masses of beautiful, small, white flowers. Bluish green foliage when out of flower.

	0	0			
Prices of above	two varieties	s: Each		E	ach
2 to 3 ft		\$0.50	4 to 5 ft	\$1	00
3 to 4 ft		75			

#### SYRINGA · The Lilacs

Syringa persica. Persian Lilac. A graceful shrub with slender branches. Free blooming, producing single, lavender flowers in broad panicles in May and June.

		2	
	Each		Each
2 to 3 ft	\$0 75	4 to 5 ft.	\$1 50
3 to 4 ft	1 00		

- S. vulgaris. Common Lilac. A strong, vigorous, upright shrub with rich dark green foliage and large clusters of fragrant purple flowers in May. Most desirable for a flowering hedge or large masses.

  Each

  2 to 3 ft.

  \$0 60 | 4 to 5 ft.

  \$2 00

  3 to 4 ft.

  \$5 | 5 to 6 ft.

  \$0 00
- S. vulgaris alba. Common White Lilac. White flowers a week earlier than those of any other variety. Desirable also for a flowering hedge or a bold clump.

Each	Each
2 to 3 ft\$0 75	4 to 5 ft\$2 00
3 to 4 ft 1 00	

#### NAMED HYBRID LILACS

Much larger flowers than the Common Lilac.

#### TAMARIX

Tamarix africana. African Tamarix. An ornamental shrub of graceful appearance. Panicles of pink flowers in April and May and striking feathery foliage.

·	Eac	h	O	Εa	ch
2 to 3 ft	\$0 5	60   5 t	o 6 ft	 . \$1	00
3 to 4 ft	<i>(</i>	5   6 t	o 8 ft	 . 1	50
4 to 5 ft		75			

#### VITEX

Vitex macrophylla.	Chaste-tre	e. An attra	active shrub wit	th
lavender-bluc flower	s from Jul	y to frost.	Needs sun.	
	Each		Eac	:h
2-yr. plants	\$0 75	4-yr. plant	s\$1 !	50
3-yr. plants	1 00 [			

#### **VACCINIUM**

Vaccinium corymbosum. Highbush Blueberry. A native species with edible blue-black berries. Interesting autumn effect and red twigs in winter.

Each	Each
2 to 3 ft \$1 25	5 to 6 ft., spec\$3 to \$5 00
3 to 4 ft 1 75	6 to 7 ft., spec \$5 to 8 00
4 to 5 ft 2 50	

#### VIBURNUM · The Snowballs

Viburnum dilatatum. Japanese Bush Cranberry. A rare Japanese species with cream-colored flowers in June, followed by scarlet berries in autumn and through the winter.

Ea	ch	Each
2 to 3 ft\$1	00   4 to 5 ft	\$1 75
3 to 4 ft	25   5 to 6 ft	2 50

- V. dentatum. Arrow-wood. Large shrub with white flower clusters in May and attractive blue berries in fall.
- V. lantana. Wayfaring Tree. Of robust growth, with large foliage that is silvery underneath. White flowers in May and June, followed by red fruit which turns black in autumn. Does well in shade.
- V. opulus. European Cranberry Busb. Panicles of white flowers in May and June, followed by large, cranberry-like fruit. Fine for winter color and for attracting birds. Does well in shade

Prices of above three va	rieties: Each		Εe	ch
2 to 3 ft	\$0 50 }	5 to 6 ft	\$1	50
3 to 4 ft	75	6 to 7 ft	2	50
4 to 5 ft	1.00			

V. tomentosum plicatum. Japanese Snowball. A very handsome shrub with showy white flowers in June and beautiful dark green foliage. Blooms a little later than the Common Snowball. Each

2 to 3 ft.......\$0.75 | 3 to 4 ft.......\$1.00

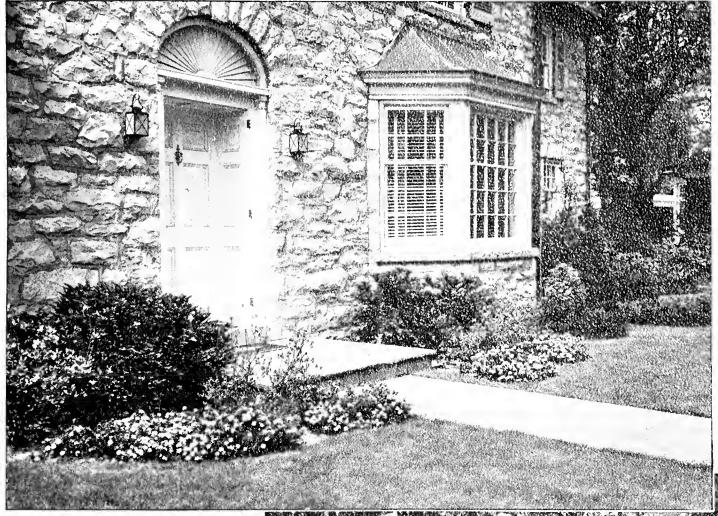
#### WEIGELA

Weigela, Eva Rathke. Red-flowering Weigela. Dwarf in habit, with dark crimson flowers. A most profuse bloomer, and possibly the most showy of all the Weigelas.

Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3 to 4 ft
2 to 3 ft	4 to 5 ft

- W. floribunda. Crimson Weigela. A well-known and popular leafy shrub with an abundance of tubular, brilliant crimson flowers.
- W. rosea. Pink Weigela. A vigorous grower and very free flowering. Large, deep rose blooms in May.
- Prices of above two varieties: Each
  2 to 3 ft.......\$0 50 | 4 to 5 ft......\$0 85
  3 to 4 ft........65
- W. hybrida nana variegata. Dwarf Variegated Weigela. Another dwarf variety of compact growth. Variegated leaves and light pink blooms.

	ach			ch.
2 to 3 ft\$0				
3 to 4 ft	75	5 to 6 ft	 . 2	00



A pleasing combination of Yews and broad-leaved evergreens

Broad-leaf Evergreen Shrubs lend themselves very well to combination plantings with choice evergreens. They are slow growing, rich in color and texture, and provide colorful flowering effects.

Upright Japanese Yews and the various types of dwarf and spreading Yews, when combined with Broad-leaf Evergreens, make a splendid and lasting home-planting.

### Timely Hints for Successful Landscape Planning

Start out with a definite object in view, Secure a plan of development

Avoid straight lines and sharp angles as much as possible. Graceful curves are so much more pleasing to the eye.

Plan to leave the center of the lawn unobstructed, and plant attractive borders of trees and shrubs in masses. Give thought to interesting skyline or silhouette effect. Avoid too much variety in planting. Masses of a kind are more effective.

Choose plant material carefully and be sure to use the right plants in the right places.

Our Landscape Department is glad at all times to advise you. There is no charge for this service—it is a part of our service to you.



Azaleas and Pachysandra combine well

The above illustration showing Azaleas and Pachysandra effectively planted suggests a simple treatment for small home gardens. The Pachysandra provides a useful evergreen ground-cover and helps to tie into the picture this mass of colorful Azaleas. What is more significant—the Pachysandra serves as protective covering for the soil and helps to conserve the moisture.

## BROAD-LEAF EVERGREENS

ITH few exceptions, no grounds, either small or extensive, should be without some representative of this rich and interesting group of plants. They endure shade, and their rich blossom and foliage effect makes them almost indispensable. Certain varieties of this class, such as Rhododendrons, Azaleas, and Laurel, ordinarily grow more satisfactorily and show to better advantage when planted in rather heavy masses. A deep, cool, moist subsoil, with proper drainage, is ideal. As a rule, they dislike lime, or limestone soil, and success will be more certain on such soils if they are planted in woods earth or mulched with peat moss. Oak leaves are ideal for covering the ground beneath them.

#### **AZALEA**

For 1	Deciduous	Azaleas,	see	page	9
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duced in a solid mass duri	Azalea. Purple-red blooms prong April and May. The lustrous is in the fall, making this a most
attractive plant. It is a	vigorous grower. Does well in
shady locations. Eac	h Each
12 to 15 in\$1	$00 + 2$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$3 50
15 to 18 in 1	$50 \mid 2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{3}$ ft
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	
A banigiri Languesa Azala	a Rosembles Hinodogici in habit

A. benigiri. Japanese Azalea. Resembles Hinodegiri in habit of growth. Deep reddish pink flowers in great profusion. Rich evergreen foliage.

15 to 18 in \$2 50   2 to 2½ ft	

A., Firefly. Kurume Azalea. A hardy Kurume variety with dark scarlet blooms overlaid with copper. Vigorous grower.

	Eacn	Each
15 to 18 in	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$4 50

A., Hinamoyo. Japanese Azalea. Very much like the Hinodegiri in habit, the flowers being a beautiful shade of soft pink, produced in great profusion in May.

Each	Each
15 to 18 in \$2 25 1½ to 2 ft 3 25 2 to 2½ ft 4 50	4 to 5 ft

A. macrantha. Japanese Azalea. Large, salmon-red flowers. A compact, flat, quick-growing variety. Very hardy.

Each			ch
12 to 15 in\$2 00	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	.\$4	50
15 to 18 in 3 00			

A., Yayegiri. Japanese Azalea. One of the most showy Azaleas. Produces an abundance of beautiful semi-double flowers of a salmon-red color. Deep green foliage.

Eac		Each
12 to 15 in\$1	$50 \mid 2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2}$	ft\$4 50
15 to 18 in 2 (	$00 \mid 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3$	ft 8 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$00 \mid 3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2}$	ft12 00

#### **ABELIA**

Abelia grandiflora. Glossy Abelia. Bright, shiny foliage and a mass of light pink blossoms from July until frost. Dwarf in habit, making it most useful for adding color to the foreground.

Each

12 to 18 in..........\$0 75 | 1½ to 2 ft..........\$1 00

#### **BERBERIS**

Berberis julianæ. Wintergreen Barberry. A hardy, erect plant of compact growth, with rich, glossy green foliage throughout the winter. It harmonizes well with rhododendrons, kalmias, and such other evergreen shrubs.

	Each	E	ach
	12 to 18 in\$1 25	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3 to 4 ft 5	00
	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 50$	4 to 5 ft 7	00
В	wilsonæ subcaulialata.	Chinese Barberry. A se	mi-
	evergreen type of Barberry w.	ith graceful, arehing branc	hes
	and dense foliage. Each	E:	ach
	1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$2	50
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3 to 4 ft 3	
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 to 5 ft 4	00

#### BOXWOOD · Buxus

Buxus sempervirens. Common Boxwood. A slow-growing bush, always compact, excellent for hedges or formal specimens. Foliage is a rich glossy green.

Bush Form.	Each		Each
10 to 12 in	\$0 75	15 to 18 in	\$1 50
12 to 15 in	1 00	18 to 24 in	2 50

B. suffruticosa. Dwarf Boxwood. A splendid dwarf plant, ideal for edging purposes in the formal garden and for borders.

6 to 8 in.......\$30 00 | 10 to 12 in.......\$60 00 8 to 10 in........40 00

#### **CALLUNA**

Calluna vulgaris rosea. Heather. Low, bushy shrub with spikes of pink flowers in late summer. Excellent for rock-garden or for eovering banks.

Each		Each
2-yr\$0 75	3-yr\$1 to	\$1 50

COTONEASTER HORIZONTALIS. See page 10

#### DAPHNE

Daphne cneorum. Rose Daphne. A dwarf evergreen shrub with green leaves on almost prostrate stems, which produces a profusion of fragrant, rosy pink flowers in April and May. It is extremely pretty in rock-gardens.

	Lach			ich –
9 to 12 in	\$1 00	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$2	75
12 to 15 in	1 50	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	3	50
15 to 18 in	2 00	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{3}$ ft	5	00

#### **EUONYMUS**

Euonymus radicans. Japanese Evergreen Creeper. A low, trailing shrub, excellent as a ground-cover. Leaves are small, dull green above with whitish veins.

### PACHYSANDRA AND VINCA WILL GROW UNDER THE TREES

EUONYMUS, continued	PACHYSANDRA
E. radicans vegetus. Broad-leaf Evergreen Bittersweet. A trailing evergreen shrub with round leaves. Produces a profusion of orange-searlet berries in the fall. Makes a splendid ground-eover.  Prices of both varieties: Each Medium plants. \$0 50 Strong plants. 75 Extra-strong plants. 1 00	Pachysandra terminalis. Japanese Spurge. Low-growing plant which makes a splendid evergreen ground-cover in shady places where grass will not grow. Effective when used as an edging plant for larger evergreens.  10 100 100 100 100 Medium\$1 50 \$12 00   Strong\$2 00 \$15 00
ILEX	PYRACANTHA
Ilex crenata. Japanese Holly. Dense, compact evergreen bush that can be shaped like boxwood. Deep green foliage. Rapid grower.         Each       Each         1 to 1½ ft.       \$1 00   3 to 4 ft.       \$5 00         1½ to 2 ft.       1 75   4 to 5 ft.       7 00         2 to 2½ ft.       2 50   5 to 6 ft.       10 00         2½ to 3 ft.       3 50	Pyracantha coccinea lalandi. Laland Fire Thorn. A beautiful specimen plant of slender, upright habit. Has small, dark green leaves and the small white flowers are followed by bright orange berries in late summer. Genuine Lalandi strain.  Each  1½ to 2 ft \$2 25   3 to 4 ft \$4 00 2 to 3 ft 3 00   4 to 5 ft 5 00
I. crenata convexa (bullata). Japanese Boxleaf Holly. A choice, dense, compact-growing plant with deep green,	PIERIS . The Andromeda
box-like foliage. Useful for foundation plantings and broad-leaf massing.       Each         12 to 15 in	Pieris japonica. Japanese Andromeda. A small shrub with glossy green foliage and raeemes of lily-of-the-valley-like flowers. For the rockery.  Each  Each
I. crenata helleri. Heller's Japanese Holly. A dwarf evergreen Holly of great merit. Compact-growing with spreading habit. Excellent for border, rock-garden, or mass plantings.  Each  15 to 18 in\$2 75   18 to 24 in\$3 50	12 to 15 in.
I. glabra. Inkberry. A bushy, upright-growing, very hardy	RHODODENDRON
shrub. Has dark, oval foliage, small flowers and an abundanee of glossy black fruit in the fall. Useful for shady and moist locations.  Each  1½ to 2 ft. \$1 50   3 to 4 ft. \$4 50  2 to 2½ ft. 2 00   4 to 5 ft. 6 00  2½ to 3 ft. 3 00   5 to 6 ft. 7 50  I. opaca. American Holly. Slow-growing tree with short, spreading branches. Leaves are large, shiny, and thorny. The red-berried Holly that is popular during Christmas.  Each  2 to 3 ft. \$2 50   6 to 7 ft. \$13 00  3 to 4 ft. 4 00   7 to 8 ft. 18 00  4 to 5 ft. 5 50   8 to 9 ft. 24 00  5 to 6 ft. 8 50   9 to 10 ft. 30 00	Rhododendron carolinianum. Carolina Rhododendron. A very early-blooming variety, small and compact. Has handsome, dark green leaves and in May and June produces a profusion of soft rose-pink blooms. An interesting variety.  Each  Lach  1½ to 2 ft. \$2 50   3 to 3½ ft. \$5 50  2 to 2½ ft. 3 25   3½ to 4 ft. 7 00  2½ to 3 ft. 4 00   4 to 5 ft. 10 00  R. catawbiense. Catawba Rhododendron. A native variety, the parent of most of our best hybrids. Will grow in any soil that is free from lime; very hardy and free flowering, the large, round clusters of deep rosy purple appearing in May and June.  Each  Lach  Lach
KALMIA • Mountain Laurel	2½ to 3 ft 5 00   R. maximum. Great Bay Rhododendron. The acme of per-
Kalmia latifolia. Mountain Laurel. A vigorous evergreen shrub, with long, elustered leaves of rich, glossy green. Very hardy and will thrive in sunlight or partial shade. Large, showy clusters of rose-white flowers in early summer.  Each  1 to 1½ ft. \$1 00   2½ to 3 ft. \$3 50 1½ to 2 ft. \$1 50   3 to 4 ft. 5 00 2 to 2½ ft. 2 50   4 to 5 ft. 7 00	feetion in size and hardiness. Flat masses of white to light pink blooms appear in June. The foliage is heavy, thick, and smooth.  Each  1½ to 2 ft. \$2 50   4 to 5 ft. \$7 00  2 to 2½ ft. \$3 00   5 to 6 ft. \$10 00  2½ to 3 ft. \$4 00   6 to 8 ft. \$15 00  3 to 4 ft. \$5 00    R. Hybrids. Choice varieties having immense blooms in a
LEUCOTHOE	wide range of colors.
Leucothoe catesbæi. Drooping Leucothoe. Valuable for shady spots. The fine white blossoms are borne in long, drooping fragrant raeemes. In late fall the leaves assume a purplish red tint which is retained throughout winter.  Each  12 to 15 in \$1 00   1½ to 2 ft \$1 85 15 to 18 in 1 50   2 to 3 ft 2 75	Dr. H. C. Dresselhuys. Aniline-red.         Mrs. C. S. Sargent. Deep pink, yellow eye.         Roseum Elegans. Clear rose-pink.         Each       Each         15 to 18 in.       \$3 00   2½ to 3 ft.       \$6 50         1½ to 2 ft.       3 50   3 to 4 ft.       10 00         2 to 2½ ft.       4 50   4 to 5 ft.       18 00
MAHONIA	VINCA
Mahonia aquifolium.Oregon Holly-Grape.Glossy green, Glossy green,	Vinca minor. Periwinkle, Myrtle. A splendid evergreen ground-eover with small blue flowers.  Strong plants.  V. minor, Bowles Variety. A new, improved variety of V. minor. Foliage is larger.  Strong plants.  \$1.50 \ \$12.00 \\  1.00 \ \$1.00 \\  \$1.50 \ \$15.00

## · EVERGREENS ·

In this group are contained some of the most valued plants for landscape effects. The diversity of color and habit of growth in this class provide truly "a plant for every place and purpose," some for limited areas of foundation plantings or for bed and border uses, others for screens, hedges, windbreaks, and for group and specimen plantings. They are always desirable for any landscape plantings for both summer and winter effects.

#### ABIES . The Firs

Abies concolor. White Fir. Rapid-growing evergreen, with
long, bluish green needles, and of symmetrical, upright
habit. Splendid as a lawn specimen, as a contrast with the
darker foliage of other trees, and is also useful in screen
and border plantings. It is a tree of great dignity and stateli-
ness and when given plenty of room to develop naturally,
it keeps its magnificent lower branches until late in life.

Each		Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 50	6 to 7 ft	\$9 00
2 to 3 ft	7 to 8 ft	12 00
3 to 4 ft 4 00	8 to 10 ft	$18 \ 00$
4 to 5 ft 5 50		
5 to 6 ft 7 00		

A. douglasi (Pseudotsuga douglasi). Douglas Fir. This tree is hardy and adapts itself to either dry or moist situations. It will thrive in semi-shade as well as in full sunlight. Pyramidal in habit, with bluish green, short needles, closely borne along the branches. This is naturally a giant tree from the Northwest Paeifie slope and requires plenty of room for fine development of its beauty and character.

Each	Eacn
2 to 3 ft\$2 00	8 to 10 ft\$13 00
3 to 4 ft 3 00	10 to 12 ft 18 00
4 to 5 ft 4 50	12 to 14 ft 23 00
5 to 6 ft 6 00	14 to 16 ft 28 00
6 to 7 ft 7 50	16 to 18 ft 35 00
7 to 8 ft 9 00	

BUXUS. Boxwood. See page 16

#### CEDRUS . Cedar

Cedrus atlantica glauca.	. Blue Atlas Cedar. A	very rare
and lovely tree of ercct		branches
covered with silvery blue		Each
2 to 3 ft\$4	00   4 to 5 ft	\$8 00
3 to 4 ft 6		

### CHAMÆCYPARIS (Retinospora)

#### The Cypress

	linoki Cypress. An extremely
graceful evergreen of mcdiu	m height. The foliage is a rich
	occimen. Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 00	)   5 to 6 ft\$7 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1.75$	$6 + 6 \text{ to } 7 \text{ ft.} \dots 9 00$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	7 to 8 ft
3 to 4 ft 3 50	8 to 10 ft
4 to 5 ft 5 00	)
C abtura samanatu Essib	all Common Foliogo doule groom

- C. obtusa compacta. Football Cypress. Foliage dark green. Dwarf, compact, and of good form, from which it derives its name. An excellent type for foundation plantings. Each 15 to 18 in.......\$1 00 | 2 to 2½ ft......\$2 00 1½ to 2 ft.......\$3 00
- C. obtusa crippsi. Golden Hinoki Cypress. A golden-leaved form of C. obtusa. Bright yellow at all times.
- C. obtusa gracilis. Slender Hinoki Cypress. Compact and of dwarf habit. Makes a narrow, irregular pyramid with light, graceful branches and rich green foliage.

ngne, gracerar branches and i	Ten green tomage.	
Prices of C. obtusa crippsi and C. obt	usa gracilis:	Each
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		7 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 50$	5 to 6 ft	10 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	6 to 8 ft	15 00

Chamæcyparis	obtusa	gracilis	compacta.	Compact
Hinoki Cypress.				
Interesting irres	gular chai	racter of g	growth; slow	growing.

0 0		C.7	,	• • • •	_	
	Each				Ea	
15 to 18 in	\$2 00	2 to 2½	ft		.\$3	<b>5</b> 0
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	2 50					

C. obtusa nana. Dwarf Hinoki Cypress. Forms a compact, dense, irregular plant, with a Japanese effect. One of the best dwarf evergreens for planting in the foreground and excellent for the rock-garden.

Each	Each
8 to 10 in\$1 50	15 to 18 in\$5 00
10 to 12 in 2 50	18 to 24 in 7 00
12 to 15 in 3 50	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 10 00$

C. pisifera. Sawara Cypress. Quick growing, of tall, pyramidal shape, with horizontal branches. The foliage is a deep, glossy green. When sheared, makes a beautiful specimen, and is very graceful when left to develop naturally.

C. pisifera plumosa. Plume Cypress. Light green foliage, soft and feathery. When sheared, makes a compact plant which can be used either around the foundation of the house or as a lawn specimen

nouse of as a lawn specimen.	
Prices of above two varieties: Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 00	5 to 6 ft\$4 50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 50$	6 to 7 ft 6 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{3}$ ft	7 to 8 ft 8 00
3 to 4 ft	8 to 10 ft
4 to 5 ft	

C. pisifera aurea. Golden Sawara Cypress. Has all the characteristics of the above, except that it is of a beautiful golden yellow color—the brightest of all. May be easily sheared when a formal effect is desired.

C. pisifera plumosa aurea. Golden Plume Cypress. Same characteristics as C. pisifera plumosa, except that the foliage is golden in color. It is one of the most popular varieties, well liked for its rich coloring.

C. pisifera squarrosa. Moss Retinospora. Forms a broad pyramid. The soft, moss-like foliage is very dense and compact, giving a woolly appearance. Adaptable to shearing.

Prices of above three varieties:				La	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	5 to	6 ft	\$5	50
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1$	75	6 to	7 ft	7	50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 2	50	7 to	8 ft	10	00
3 to 4 ft					
4 to 5 ft 4	50	10 to	12 ft	20	00

C. pisifera filifera aurea. Golden Thread Retinospora. Another form of Filifera, with the young growth of a golden yellow.

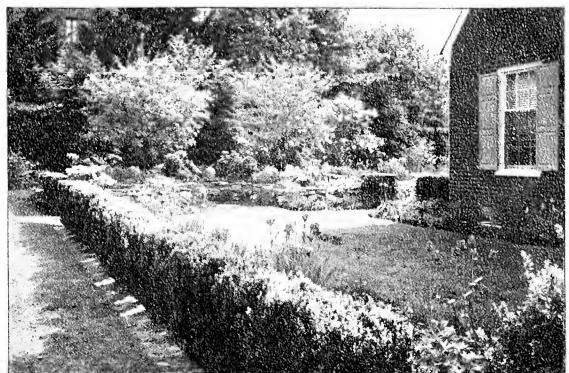
Each	I	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$2 00	3 to 4 ft\$	6 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$		
$2\frac{1}{6}$ to $\frac{3}{3}$ ft 4 00		

C. pisifera filifera compacta. Dwarf Thread Retinospora. A dwarf, very compact form of the preceding variety.

	Each	Each
2½ to 3 ft		\$13 00



Upright Japanese Yew Hedge



Hicks' Yew Hedge

## Evergreen Hedges

From time immemorial people have used hedges and fenees to proteet their property from intrusion and to seeure privaey. Until recently an evergreen hedge meant quite an expense, but they have now eome down to a price-level within the reach of every home-owner. We invite you to compare the prices listed below with the cost of a fence.

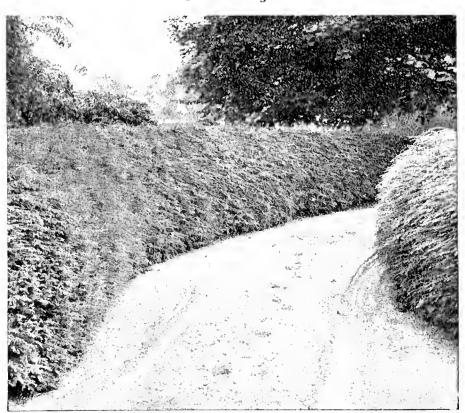
#### ARBORVITÆ

American. Makes a very dense, far		
that will reach considerable height if	left to gr	ow. Set
plants 2 to 3 feet apart.	* 0	100
2 to 3 ft		
3 to 4 ft	12 50	100 00
4 to 5 ft	20 00	175 00
Pyramidal. Because of its shapely ha	bit of gro	wth and
deep green foliage, this makes a ver		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	. \$12-50	\$100_00
3 to 4 ft	. 17 50	150 00

#### JAPANESE YEW HEDGE

Without doubt, this is the grandest of all the evergreens for hedges. In England and on the Continent, Yew hedges make up a large part of the charm of the landseape. The deep, rieh, dark green foliage makes them a beautiful thing to behold. Plant a Yew hedge now and enjoy it all the days of your life.

12 to 15-in. spread \$12 00 \$100 00 15 to 18-in. spread 19 00 175 00 Upright ( <i>T. capitata</i> ).  2 to 2½ ft., hedge type 15 00 125 00 2½ to 3 ft., hedge type 17 50 150 00 3 to 3½ ft., hedge type 22 50 175 00 3½ to 4 ft., hedge type 35 00 300 00 4 to 5 ft., hedge type 40 00 350 00 5 to 6 ft., hedge type 70 00 650 00 6 to 7 ft., hedge type 100 00 850 00 BULK'S YEW ( <i>Taxus baccata bulki</i> ). A dwarf, upright Yew with numerous vertical stems useful for hedges. Compaet grower. Good dark bluish green foliage. 1½ to 2 ft \$17 50 \$150 00 2 to 2½ ft 25 00 225 00 22½ to 3 ft 35 00 300 00	<b>Dwarf</b> (Taxus cuspidata nana).	10	100
15 to 18-in. spread 19 00 175 00 Upright ( <i>T. capitata</i> ).  2 to 2½ ft., hedge type 15 00 125 00 2½ to 3 ft., hedge type 22 50 175 00 3½ to 4 ft., hedge type 35 00 300 00 4 to 5 ft., hedge type 40 00 350 00 5 to 6 ft., hedge type 70 00 650 00 6 to 7 ft., hedge type 100 00 850 00 BULK'S YEW ( <i>Taxus baccata bulki</i> ). A dwarf, upright Yew with numerous vertical stems useful for hedges. Compaet grower. Good dark bluish green foliage. 1½ to 2 ft. \$17 50 \$150 00 2 to 2½ ft. 25 00 225 00	12 to 15-in. spread	. \$12 00	\$100 00
Upright (T. capitata).  2 to 2½ ft., hedge type	15 to 18-in, spread	. 19 00	175 00
2 to 2½ ft., hedge type 15 00 125 00 2½ to 3 ft., hedge type 17 50 150 00 3 to 3½ ft., hedge type 22 50 175 00 3½ to 4 ft., hedge type 35 00 300 00 4 to 5 ft., hedge type 40 00 350 00 5 to 6 ft., hedge type 70 00 650 00 6 to 7 ft., hedge type 100 00 850 00 BULK'S YEW (Taxus baccata bulki). A dwarf, upright Yew with numerous vertical stems useful for hedges. Compaet grower. Good dark bluish green foliage. 1½ to 2 ft. \$17 50 \$150 00 2 to 2½ ft. 25 00 225 00	Upright (T. capitata).		
2½ to 3 ft., hedge type       17 50       150 00         3 to 3½ ft., hedge type       22 50       175 00         3½ to 4 ft., hedge type       35 00       300 00         4 to 5 ft., hedge type       40 00       350 00         5 to 6 ft., hedge type       70 00       650 00         6 to 7 ft., hedge type       100 00       850 00         BULK'S YEW (Taxus baccata bulki). A dwarf, upright Yew with numerous vertical stems useful for hedges. Compact grower. Good dark bluish green foliage.         1½ to 2 ft.       \$17 50       \$150 00         2 to 2½ ft.       25 00       225 00		. 15 00	125 00
3 to 3½ ft., hedge type 22 50 175 00 3½ to 4 ft., hedge type 35 00 300 00 4 to 5 ft., hedge type 40 00 350 00 5 to 6 ft., hedge type 70 00 650 00 6 to 7 ft., hedge type 100 00 850 00 8	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., hedge type	. 17 50	150 00
3½ to 4 ft., hedge type       35 00       300 00         4 to 5 ft., hedge type       40 00       350 00         5 to 6 ft., hedge type       70 00       650 00         6 to 7 ft., hedge type       100 00       850 00         BULK'S YEW (Taxus baccata bulki). A dwarf, upright Yew with numerous vertical stems useful for hedges. Compact grower. Good dark bluish green foliage.         1½ to 2 ft.       \$17 50       \$150 00         2 to 2½ ft.       25 00       225 00	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., hedge type	. 22 50	175 00
4 to 5 ft., hedge type	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft., hedge type	. 35 00	300 00
6 to 7 ft., hedge type	4 to 5 ft., hedge type	. 40 00	
6 to 7 ft., hedge type	5 to 6 ft., hedge type	, 70 00	650 00
Yew with numerous vertical stems useful for hedges. Compact grower. Good dark bluish green foliage. 1½ to 2 ft	6 to 7 ft., hedge type	,100 00	850 00
HICKS' YEW (Taxus media bicksi). A narrow, upright form of Yew very useful for hedges.         1½ to 2 ft.       \$20 00       \$175 00         2 to 2½ ft.       30 00       250 00         2½ to 3 ft.       40 00       350 00	Yew with numerous vertical stems Compact grower. Good dark blu 1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft.  HICKS' YEW (Taxus media bicksi right form of Yew very useful for 1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft.	useful for ish green .\$17 50 . 25 00 . 35 00 ). A namedges\$20 00 . 30 00	or hedges. foliage. \$150 00 225 00 300 00 crow, up- \$175 00 250 00



Sheared Hemlock Hedge

#### EVERGREEN HEDGES, continued

#### **HEMLOCK**

The Hemloek hedge is ideal, and we recommend it as one of the most beautiful of evergreen hedges. Every year it grows increasingly beautiful. The Hemloek also grows well in shade, and lends itself nicely to shearing.

	10	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	\$10.00	\$90_00
2 to 2½ ft		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{3}$ ft	18 00	165 00
3 to 4 ft		
4 to 5 ft.		

#### ILEX CRENATA

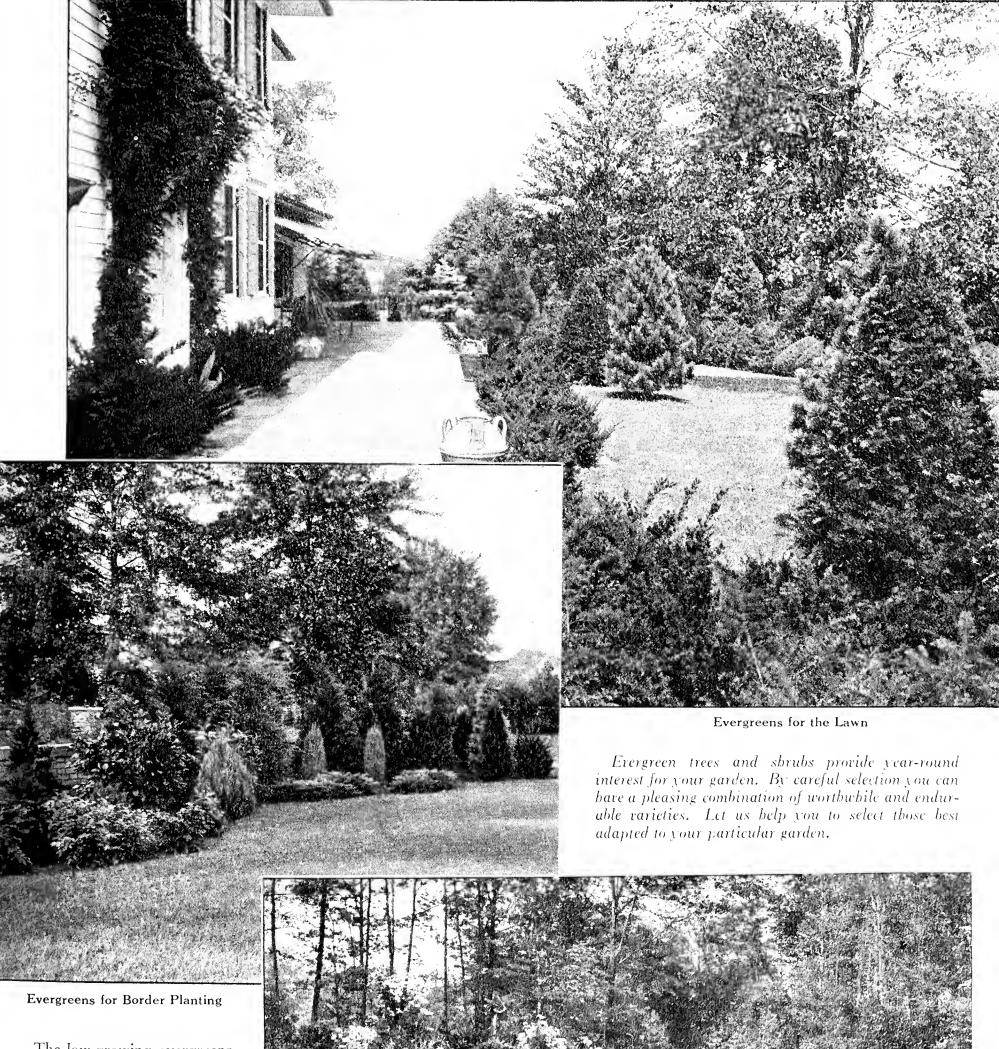
 JAPANESE HOLLY (Ilex crenata). Dense, compact evergreen bush that lends itself well to shearing. Deep green foliage somewhat resembling that of boxwood.

 2 to 2½ ft.
 \$20 00 \$175 00 2½ to 3 ft.

 2 to 4 ft.
 \$3 00 300 00

#### THERE IS A JUNIPER FOR EVERY REQUIREMENT

CDVDTOMEDIA Innonese Coder	Juniperus horizontalis depressa plumosa. Plumed Spread-
CRYPTOMERIA · Japanese Cedar  Cryptomeria japonica araucarioides. Japanese Cedar. A	ing Juniper. An exceedingly handsome, hardy, low-growing type; spreading and graceful in form. The silvery green
very unusual and interesting plant of upright shape and loose, fantastic growth.	foliage turns to a rich purple in autumn.  Each  Each  Cl. 25   21/2 2 5
Each 3 to 4 ft	1½ to 2 ft\$1 25   2½ to 3 ft\$3 00 2 to 2½ ft2 00   3 to 4 ft4 50
C. japonica lobbi. A handsome Japanese evergreen, tall, narrow, pyramidal in shape, and with deep green foliage	J. sabina. Savin Juniper. An excellent dwarf evergreen; fanlike in habit. Foliage a pleasing dark green. Popular for
which in the winter changes to a beautiful bronzy tint. A	mass effects.       Each       Each         1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       \$1 25   2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.       \$2 50 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.       1 75   $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.       3 50
fine novelty. Each 3 to 4 ft \$3 00   7 to 8 ft \$9 00 4 to 5 ft 4 00   8 to 9 ft 13 00	J. squamata meyeri. Meyer Juniper. A comparatively new variety, dwarf and of irregular habit of growth. The color
5 to 6 ft 5 00 9 to 10 ft 17 00 6 to 7 ft 7 00 10 to 12 ft 22 00	is iridescent, the general effect being silvery blue, the tips taking purple tints in winter.
CUPRESSUS · Cypress	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$2 25   3 to 4 ft\$5 50
Cupressus, Triomphe de Boskoop. Boskoop Cypress. Blue- green foliage. Slightly pendulous. Makes a good lawn	2 to 2½ ft
specimen.       Each       Each         4 to 5 ft.       \$4 00   7 to 8 ft.       \$10 00         5 to 6 ft.       6 00   8 to 10 ft.       15 00	J. virginiana. Red Cedar. Useful where tall accents are needed or formal effects desired. Tall and slender, with rich, dark green foliage.
6 to 7 ft	Each 8 to 9 ft., heavy\$14 00   10 to 12 ft., heavy\$22 00
JUNIPERUS • The Junipers  Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana. Pfitzer Juniper. A very	9 to 10 ft., heavy 18 00   12 to 14 ft., heavy 30 00 Larger sizes, prices on application
hardy variety that will thrive under the most unfavorable conditions. Well adapted to planting about foundations,	J. virginiana glauca. Silvery Red Cedar. One of the hand- somest forms of the Red Cedar. A little denser in habit
entranees and beside steps. Spreading in habit when young. Gray-green foliage. A particularly tough plant for rough,	than the common Red Cedar and has silvery gray foliage
hot, dusty, and smoky surroundings, enduring conditions which would destroy most other evergreens.	all year. Each Each 2 to 3 ft. \$2 50   6 to 7 ft. \$8 00 3 to 4 ft. 3 50   7 to 8 ft. 10 00
Each 1½ to 2 ft\$2 00   4 to 5 ft., heavy\$7 00	4 to 5 ft
2 to 2½ ft 2 75   5 to 6 ft., heavy 10 00 2½ to 3 ft 3 50   6 to 7 ft., heavy 14 00	J. virginiana cannarti. Cannart Cedar. A fine, pyramidal evergreen of compact growth. Has a wonderful winter
3 to 3½ ft	eolor and is perfectly hardy. Deep, rich green foliage.  J. virginiana elegantissima. Golden Red Cedar. Slender
J. chinensis columnaris. Columnar Chinese Juniper. A distinct, narrow, columnar tree, with steel-blue foliage	outline with golden-tipped foliage. An excellent variety where color contrast is desired.
which retains its eolor well into the winter. Hardy and of rapid growth. Very formal.	J. virginiana keteleeri. Keteleeri Red Cedar. Similar in habit of growth to the Virginia Red Cedar, but differs
Each 3 to 4 ft\$3 00   8 to 9 ft\$10 00	slightly in color which is a deep green. Compact foliage.
4 to 5 ft	2 to 3 ft\$2 50   5 to 6 ft\$6 00 3 to 4 ft
6 to 7 ft	4 to 5 ft
J. communis hibernica. Irish Juniper. A slender, columnar tree that is distinctively attractive. Leaves are gray-green	variety resembling the Pfitzer Juniper in habit of growth.  Each  Each
in color. Much used for border planting.  J. communis suecica. Swedish Juniper. Quick-growing,	7 to 8 ft\$20 00   8 to 10 ft\$28 00
upright tree of beautiful outline, useful as an accent point in plantings, and similar to the Irish Juniper but with	PICEA · The Spruces
lighter green tips of branches.	Picea alba (canadensis). White Spruce. While this bluish green species adapts itself to a great variety of soils, it prefers
1½ to 2 ft \$0.75   2½ to 3 ft \$1.75 2 to 2½ ft 1.25   3 to 4 ft 2.50	moist rather than dry situations. It is a compact, creet grower, and is very long lived.
J. excelsa stricta. Spiny Greek Juniper. A very ornamental evergreen; narrow, dense and of erect growth. Foliage is	P. excelsa. Norway Spruce. This evergreen is much appreciated for its very rapid growth, thriftiness, and heavy masses of
gray-green. Very desirable for formal effects. Slow grower, keeping its columnar habit for many years.	dark green foliage.  Prices of above two varieties: Each  Each
Each   2 to 15 in.   S1 00   2 to 2½ ft.   S2 00	1½ to 2 ft. \$0.75   4 to 5 ft. \$3.50 2 to 2½ ft. 1 00   5 to 6 ft. 5 00
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2½ to 3 ft
J. horizontalis glauca. Blue Creeping Juniper. A splendid plant for banks, rocky slopes, and rock-gardens. Makes a	P. excelsa pendula. Weeping Spruce. An unusual type of evergreen with weeping branches. It makes a fine specimen
broad, dense mat on the ground and is very popular as a ground-cover.  Each 12 to 15 in\$1 00   1½ to 2 ft\$2 00	tree for lawn or roek-garden. Each Each
12 to 15 in	2½ to 3 ft\$3 50   4 to 5 ft\$7 00 3 to 4 ft 5 00   5 to 6 ft 10 00



The low-growing evergreens like the dwarf Taxus, the spreading Junipers and the Mugho Pine provide pleasing contrasts for the rock-garden. By selecting appropriate kinds you can enjoy dwarf evergreens that will not outgrow the areas allotted to them.

Evergreens for the Rockery

#### NEITHER FENCES NOR WALLS CAN EQUAL AN EVERGREEN HEDGE

#### PICEA, continued

P. omorika. Serbian Spruce. A slow-growing, compact
variety of Spruce with attractive green foliage.
Each
$2^{1}$ 2 to 3 ft\$\\$3 00   3 to 4 ft\$\\$4 00
P. pungens. Colorado Spruce. A hardy eonifer of symmetrical
growth. Makes fine lawn specimens and equally desirable as
accent points among the darker Spruces. Foliage green to
blue-green. Each Each
1! $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft \$1 25   3 to 4 ft \$3 75
2 to 3 ft 2 50 4 to 5 ft 5 25
P. pungens glauca. Blue Colorado Spruce. An evergreen of
similar habit to the above, with distinct gray-blue foliage,
u biolisis di man and of a succedental colorate Anatoms. Distilla

	summar mapre to the above,	with distinct gray-blue todage,
	which is dense and of a wor	derful velvcty texture. Really
	a beautiful tree. Each	Each
	1 to $1^{-1}$ <sub>2</sub> ft \$1 50	5 to 6 ft\$10 00
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 25	6 to 7 ft 14 00
	$2 \text{ to } 2^{1}_{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$	7 to 8 ft 20 00
	$2^{1}_{2}$ to 3 ft 4 00	8 to 10 ft 25 00
	3 to 4 ft 5 50	
	4 to 5 ft 7 00	
_		

P. pungens kosteri. Koster Blue Spruce. This is the bluest of the Spruces. In form and habit of growth it is compact, symmetrical, and shapely, and because of its intense coloring it is considered the most desirable of all the faney-colored evergreens.

Each
4 to 5 ft\$10 00
5 to 6 ft 15 00
6 to 7 ft 20 00
7 to 8 ft 25 00
8 to 10 ft 35 00
10 to 12 ft \$45.00 up

#### PINUS · The Pines

Pinus cembra. Swiss Stone Pine. A conical, slow-growing
Pine with attractive silvery green needles. Each
Each   3 to 4 ft\$5 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft
P. flexilis. Limber Pine. A hardy, upright-growing Pine with

dark bluish green foliage.

	Each		Each
		5 to 6 ft	
3 to 4 ft	4 00	6 to 8 ft	10 00
4 to 5 ft	5 00	8 to 10 ft	15 00
D .	1 3.4	I D' D C	

P. montana mughus. Mugho Pine. Dwarf evergreen. Slow growing, very hardy, compact and neat in habit. Valuable where a low, dense evergreen growth is desired and excellent for rock-gardens and foundations. Each

Eacn	4½ to 5 it	フリ
\$1 50	3 to 4 ft 6	50
2 00	4 to 5 ft 9	00
2 50	5 to 6 ft	00
3 50	6 to 7 ft18	00
	\$1 50 2 00 2 50	.\$1 50   3 to 4 ft

P. nigra (austriaca). Austrian Pine. A stately Pine, vigorous and rapid grower; very hardy. Long, rich green needles. It thrives on any soil, inland or near the sea. One of the finest Pines for general planting, thriving in either the smoke- and gas-laden air of cities or the bracing salt air of the seashore. While it will stand trimming, it looks much better when allowed to grow naturally.

		ach		Each
			8 ft	
3 to 4 ft	3	3 00   8 to	10 ft	20 00
4 to 5 ft		5 00   10 to	12 ft	30 00
			14 ft	
6 to 7 ft	10	00   14 to	16 ft	55 00
			the Austrian	

habit, the needles, however, being longer and darker, though not so coarse or stiff. Quite as desirable as the Austrian Pine.

	Each	Each
4 to 5 ft	\$3 50   8 to	10 ft\$18 00
5 to 6 ft	5 50 10 to	12 ft 27 00
6 to 7 ft	8 00   12 to	14 ft 38 00

Pinus strobus. White Pine. An extremely rapid-growing Pine,
and forms very beautiful specimens if permitted to develop
in the open. Useful as lawn specimens in the border, as a
sereen or windbreak, and is exceptionally fine for mass
planting. Each Each
5 to 6 ft\$5 00   10 to 12 ft\$20 00
6 to 7 ft 7 00   12 to 14 ft 28 00
7 to 8 ft
8 to 10 ft
P. sylvestris. Scotch Pine. Desirable for its very rapid
growth and adaptability to most soils. Silvery foliage. Each
Each   4 to 5 ft\$3 00
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft 2 00 6 to 7 ft 7 00
P. thunbergi. Japanese Black Pine. A beautiful Pine with
rich dark green needles and interesting outline. Good for
seashore planting. Each Each
2 to 3 ft\$2 00   7 to 8 ft\$15 00
3 to 4 ft
PSEUDOTSUGA, Douglas Fir. See Abies, page 18.

PSEUDOTSUGA. Douglas Fir. See Abies, page 18. RETINOSPORA. See Chamæcyparis, page 18.

## (The Yew)

Without question, the Ycw (Taxus) in its various forms is the outstanding evergreen for use on the home-grounds and in general landscaping, for its dark green, rich-textured foliage is always fresh-looking and attractive. It is extremely hardy, not affected by cold or heat, and will grow in shade as well as sun. A slow grower and lends itself well to shearing. There are forms for various uses which are described below.

Taxus baccata bulki. Bulk's Yew. A dwarf, upright variety of Yew with numerous vertical stems. Compact grower; useful for hedges. Dark bluish green foliagc.

Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$2 00   $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$4 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00 \mid 3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	5 00

T. baccata repandens. Spreading English Yew. Of graceful, spreading form. The most prostrate of all the Yews, and one of the finest low-growing evergreens because of its adaptability to shade or sunlight.

Eac	ch	Each
15 to 18 in\$2 (	$00 \mid 3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	\$8 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$00 \mid 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.} \dots \dots 1$	11 00
	00   4 to 5 ft	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	00 [	

T. canadensis. Canada Yew. A variety with low, spreading. habit. It is one of the American Yews and is popular for that reason. Known locally as Ground Hemlock, it is found on shady hillsides and this should be kept in mind when planting. It can be trimmed as desired.

		Each			Eacn		
4	to 5 ft	\$7 00	$0 \mid 5 \text{ to } 6$	ft		\$9	00
Т.	cuspidata.	Spreading	Jananese	Yew.	Α	compa	ct.

spreading variety with rich, dark green foliage and brilliant scarlet berries in the autumn. Perfectly hardy and valuable for many locations.

many locations.	Each		Each
15 to 18 in	\$1 75	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	\$8 50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	2 50	4 to 5 ft	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 50	5 to 6 ft	18 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4 50	6 to 7 ft	26 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	6 00	7 to 8 ft	35 00

For Hedges, see page 19.

T. cuspidata nana (brevifolia compacta). Dwarf Japanese Yew. An extremely hardy variety of irregular spreading habit. The branches are covered with black-green foliage. The choicest dwarf Yew.

Each	$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	\$12 00
12 to 15 in\$1 50	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft	16 00
15 to 18 in 2 25	$4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	20 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	25 00
2 to 2½ ft 5 00	5 to 6 ft	35 00
21/6 to $3$ ft $8.00$	6 to 7 ft.	50.00

#### ARBORVITAES, HEMLOCKS AND YEWS ARE EXCELLENT HEDGE-PLANTS

Taxus cuspidata capitata. Upright Japanese Yew. This is the upright-growing or pyramidal form of the Japanese Yew, somewhat open in growth, with rich, dark green foliage. Particularly beautiful when covered with light green tip of new growth in the spring. A very choice evergreen.

Choice strain grown from selected cuttings, far superior to seedling plants

Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 75	6 to 7 ft\$14 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 50$	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\bar{3}$ ft	
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft } \dots 4 50$	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4$ ft	
4 to 5 ft 7 00	
4 to 5 ft., heavy 10 00	

T. media hicksi. Hicks' Yew. A narrow, upright form of Yew useful for formal accent or hedge planting.

Each	Each
1½ to 2 ft. \$2 25 2 to 2½ ft. 3 25 2½ to 3 ft. 4 50	3 to 3½ ft\$6 00 4 to 5 ft., heavy15 00

### THUIA · The Arborvitæ

Thuja occidentalis. American Arborvitæ. The upright, flatleaved evergreen so commonly used as single specimens and for hedges and windbreaks. Will stand severe shearing.

Each	Each
2 to 3 ft\$1 00	7 to 8 ft\$7 00
3 to 4 ft	8 to 9 ft 9 00
4 to 5 ft	9 to 10 ft
5 to 6 ft	10 to 12 ft
6 to 7 ft 5 00	12 to 14 ft20 00
For Hedges, see page 19.	•

- T. occidentalis compacta. Parsons' Arborvitæ. A dwarf, ball-shaped form, with light green foliage; much used in foundation plantings. Each  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 ft.....\$1 25 12 to 15 in..........\$0 70
- T. occidentalis ellwangeriana, Rheingold. Golden Tom Thumb Arborvitæ. A dwarf form, with beautiful golden foliage. Exceptionally fine for rock-gardens or borders.

Each			ch
10 to 12 in\$1 50	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	. \$3	25
12 to 15 in 2 00	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	. 4	00
15 to 18 in 2 50			

- T. occidentalis globosa. American Globe Arborvitæ. This small, dwarf evergreen is true to name, having a very round or globe-shaped outline. Very hardy, ornamental, and most satisfactory for border planting or low-growing Each 12 to 15 in.....\$0 75 15 to 18 in..... 1 00
- T. occidentalis rosenthali. Rosenthal Arborvitæ. A compact tree, erect, columnar in growth, and with dark green, glossy foliage. Fine as specimens or for formal plantings.
- T. occidentalis sibirica. Siberian Arborvitæ. A hardy variety, forming a broad pyramid. Deep olive-green foliage; of slow growth. Useful in foundation plantings.

Prices of above two varieties: Each			ch
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 00	$  3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	. \$3	25
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 50$	4 to 5 ft	. 4	00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{3}$ ft			
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 50$			

- T. occidentalis, Columbia. Columbia Arborvitæ. Pyramidal form, with silvery-tipped foliage. An excellent variety for group plantings.
- T. occidentalis lutea. George Peabody Arborvitæ. A wellknown variety forming a broad pyramid, with golden yellow foliage that is strikingly contrasted against the grays and greens of other evergreens.
- T. occidentalis plicata. Giant Arborvitæ. Pyramidal shape. Deep blue-green foliage with triangular whitish spots. As its name implies, it attains considerable height.

Thuja standishi. Standish Arborvita. This is a loose, open type of Arborvitæ, with rich green foliage that is more feathery in appearance than any of the other Arborvitæs. It is often used in informal plantings.

Prices of preceding four vars.: Each			ach
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$1 00	5 to 6 ft	\$4	25
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	6 to 7 ft	5	50
3 to 4 ft 2 25	7 to 8 ft	7	50
4 to 5 ft 3 25	8 to 10 ft	9	50

- T. occidentalis pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ. This is one of the very best of the Arborvitæs. It is distinctly columnar in growth, while its glossy, dark green foliage is equally attractive both winter and summer. A formal plant, and fine for accents.
- T. occidentalis spiralis. Douglas Pyramidal Arborvitæ. Pyramidal in form with short, compact, twisted effect branches, which gives this variety more character than the common form. Valuable as an accent plant in foundation

premera	
Prices of above two varieties: Each	Each
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$1 00 1	6 to 7 ft\$6 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft	7 to 8 ft 9 00
3 to 4 ft 2 25	
4 to 5 ft 3 50	9 to 10 ft
5 to 6 ft 5 00	10 to 12 ft
For Hedges, see page 19.	

T. orientalis aurea nana. Berckman's Golden Arborvitæ. A very beautiful dwarf evergreen of round shape. Formal in habit, with golden yellow foliage. Slow growing.

		Εa	ıch			Ea	ch
10 to 12	in	\$0	75	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$	ft	. \$2	75
12 to 15	in	1	00	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3	ft	. 3	50
15 to 18	in	1	50	5 to 6 ft.	., heavy spec.	.25	00
					, heavy spcc.		

T. orientalis compacta. Chinese Compact Arborvitæ. Bright green in color and of dwarf, columnar shape. Desirable for very formal effects or for hedges.

Each	Each
1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 to 4 ft\$3 25
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4 to 5 ft 4 25
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 75$	5 to 6 ft 6 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3$ ft	

#### TSUGA · The Hemlocks

Tsuga canadensis. American Hemlock. Most desirable evergreen tree, very graceful and adaptable for specimens or groups. A very delightful effect is obtained when grown as a hedge. The leaves are dull green, on branches that are slender and drooping.

Each	Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1 25	7 to 8 ft., heavy \$12 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1 75$	8 to 9 ft., heavy 18 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	9 to 10 ft., heavy 24 00
3 to 4 ft 3 50	10 to 12 ft., heavy 35 00
4 to 5 ft 5 00	12 to 14 ft., heavy 45 00
5 to 6 ft 6 50	14 to 16 ft., heavy 55 00
6 to 7 ft., heavy 9 00	
For Hedges, see page 19.	

T. caroliniana. Carolina Hemlock. An attractive tree with dark green foliage and drooping branches. A trifle more open and thin in growth and habit than Canadensis.

Each		Each	L
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$2 50	5 to 6 ft	.\$7 50	0
3 to 4 ft 4 00	6 to 7 ft	.11 0	0
4 to 5 ft 5 50	7 to 8 ft	.15 00	O

#### BUDGET YOUR LANDSCAPE WORK

It is possible to carry out a complete and comprehensive landscape treatment of your grounds over several seasons, with the cost distributed over the various stages of planting. For many people who are reluctant to consider landscape improvements because they do not feel they can afford a comprehensive plan, this is a very satisfactory way of landscaping.

Let us show you how a complete landscaping can be divided and carried out this way. As your plan progresses, so will your

enthusiasm, and you will never be sorry for it

### BULK'S HARDY ROSES

OSES—the mere name is an inspiration to garden lovers. Nothing can take the place of the Rose. Almost every home has room for at least a few. Roses will grow in any fertile soil, but are much improved in bloom, fragrance, and beauty by rich soil, liberal fertilizing, and good cultivation. Branches should be well cut back early each spring.

All Roses, except field-grown Hybrid Teas, carry our regular guarantee

#### HYBRID TEA ROSES

Prices, except where noted:			1	
Strong, 2-yr., field-grown plants	. \$0	75	\$7	00
Strong, 2-yr., in pots	. 1	00	8	<b>50</b>

Betty Uprichard. Orange-earmine, tinged with salmon-pink. Condesa de Sastago. Golden yellow, striped with red.

Crimson Glory. Plant Patent No. 105. Large, well-formed flowers of intense deep vivid crimson, shaded ox-blood-red. \$1.25 each.

Etoile de Hollande. Velvety searlet.

Joanna Hill. Indian-yellow center, gold-buff petals.

Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. An excellent white variety.

Killarney Pink. Bright pink.

Killarney White. Fine white; fragrant.

Leonard Barron. Light pink suffused with copper.

McGredy's Scarlet. Brilliant searlet, orange-yellow suffusion; fragrant.

Mevrouw G. A. van Rossem. Vivid orange-aprieot, sweetseented flowers.

Mrs. Erskine Pembroke Thom. Unfading yellow. Ophelia. An old favorite. Creamy white and pink. Padre. Bright coppery searlet with yellow center. President Herbert Hoover. Flaming searlet and yellow.

\*R. M. S. Queen Mary. Plant Patent No. 249. The sensational outstanding new Rose. Glowing salmon, blended with pink and orange. Long-pointed buds and large, well-formed flowers; fragrant. \$1.50 each.

Radiance. Carmine-pink.

Red Radiance. Bright deep red.

Roslyn. Golden yellow with orange splashings.

Talisman. Large; yellow and eopper, suffused pink in bud.

## SPECIAL ROSE COLLECTION FOR \$6.50

Ten extra-fine varieties of Everblooming Hybrid Tea Roses (one each of any 10 Roses listed on this page—except special price Roses), strong, 2-year, field-grown, the best that can be bought. Regular price 75 cts. each.

#### POTTED ROSES FOR SUMMER PLANTING

Most of the Roses offered here are available in pots for summer planting. Potted Roses give an immediate effect, and it is fun to select the plants in bloom to assure getting the colors you like.



#### BULK'S ROSES GROW AND BLOOM

#### CLIMBING AND RAMBLER ROSES

Each 10 In Pots
Strong plants. . . \$0 75 \$6 00 \$1 00
Extra-large, 4 and 5-yr. plants. \$1.50
to \$2 each. Priecs, except where noted:

American Pillar. Cherry-pink, white center.

Breeze Hill. Double; pink. Excellent. Chaplin's Pink Climber. Large, semi-double, pure pink flowers. Excellent, vigorous, and attractive Climber.

Dorothy Perkins. Shell-pink. A very popular variety.

Dr. W. Van Fleet. Flesh-pink.

\*EASLEA'S GOLDEN RAMBLER. Plant Patent No. 114. Large, fullpetaled, fragrant yellow. \$1 each.

Emily Gray. Golden yellow. Excelsa. Brilliant scarlet-crimson.

Glenn Dale. Double; white. Beautiful bud.

Jacotte. One of the best Ramblers. Glossy foliage; apricot-orange flowers.

Mme. Gregoire Staechelin. (New.) Fragrant Climbing Rose from Barce-Iona, Spain. Color is iridescent pearlpink, with claret-carmine markings on outer petals.

\*New Dawn. Plant Patent No. 1 first plant patented under the U.S. Patent Laws. (New.) Everblooming Climbing Rose. Color is soft blushpink and the flowers are large and full. \$1.50 each.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Flashing and vivid scarlet.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Standard type; weeping tree form. \$3.50 each. Tausendschon. Pink to white.

#### BABY or DWARF POLYANTHA ROSES

Prices, except where noted: Each 2-yr., field-grown plants.**\$0 75 \$6 50** 2-yr., in pots......... 1 00 8 50

Anne Poulsen. Plant Patent No. 182. Large, fragrant, semi-double, scarleterimson flowers.

Chatillon Rose. Semi-double; bright

pink. Golden Salmon. Reddish orange

flowers in large clusters. Mrs. R. M. Finch. Large, bright rose-

pink flowers. Vigorous grower. Orange Perfection. Orange color.

Orleans. Vivid rosy crimson. Paul Grampel. Orange-red shade. Pink Lafayette. Double, globular,

carmine-rose blooms. Red Lafayette. Semi-double; cherry-

#### TRAILING ROSES

Max Graf. H. Rug. A vigorous, trailing Rose with disease-resistant rugose foliage. Bright pink, 3-inch, golden-centered blooms in June. Plants on steep banks or trail over a wall.

Wichuraiana (Memorial Rose). trailing Rose with almost evergreen foliage. White, fragrant flowers. Valuable for binding banks and ground-cover.

Prices on above two varieties: Strong, field-grown, Each 2-yr. plants......\$0 65 \$5 50

#### MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

Dr. E. M. Mills. H. Sp. Primrose-pink flowers along branches. Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$0.75         2 to 3 ft. 1.00
Rosa hugonis. Hugonis Rose. Long,
gracefully arehing branches filled with
glorious yellow single flowers. Tall,
strong-growing shrub. Each
2 to 3 ft
3 to 4 ft 1 00
4 to 5 ft 1 75
R. rugosa. Red and White Japanese
Rose. Each 10
2 to 3 ft\$0 60 \$5 00
3 to 4 ft
4 to 5 ft

## Vines and Climbers

AMPELOPSIS (Ivy)

Ampelopsis quinquefolia. Virginia
Creener Ouick-growing. Valuable for rich fiery autumn color.

A. tricuspidata veitchi. Boston Ivy. Has brilliant autumn coloring. Self

clinging. Prices of above two varieties: Each Medium plants ..... \$0 45 \$4 00 Strong plants...... 60 5 00 Pot-grown plants....

#### BIGNONIA

Bignonia radicans. Trumpet Creeper. A splendid climbing vine with large brilliant orange-scarlet flowers in July and August. Each 10 Medium .......\$0.75 \$6.50 Heavy . . . . . . . . . . . 1 00

#### BITTERSWEET

Celastrus scandens. American Bittersweet. Beautiful vine with orange and red berries that retain color when cut and dried. Each Medium plants.....\$0 75 Strong plants...... 1 00 9 00

#### CLEMATIS

Clematis paniculata. Sweet Autumn Clematis. Fluffy white, very fragrant flowers. September. Each Medium plants ......\$0 50 Strong plants ...... 75

**¬OR** quick results in covering the bare sides and softening the sharp ≺ angles of buildings, hiding unsightly fences, beautifying and shading porches, bowers, and summer-houses, vines and climbers are indispensable. The sweeping vines about a porch appeal to everyone. Slight extra charge for balled and burlapped "B&B"

#### ENGLISH IVY

Hedera helix. English Ivy. Evergreen climbing vine. Ideal wall-cover. Medium plants ..... \$0 35 \$3 00 Strong plants ..... 50

#### HONEYSUCKLE Lonicera japonica halliana. Hall's

Japanese Honeysuckle. Very fragrant white flowers in June. Rapid grower and very hardy. Each \$2 50 Medium plants ......\$0 30 Strong plants ...... 45 5 00 Extra-strong plants ... L. sempervirens magnifica. Everblooming Climbing Honeysuckle. Bears flowers continuously from early June until late October. Rich orange-searlet and come in great terminal clusters. Each Strong field-grown plants.....\$0 75

#### SILVER LACE VINE

Extra-strong plants..... 1 00

Polygonum auberti. Silver Lace Vine. Vigorous vine reaching 25 feet, covered with masses of beautiful foamy white flowers all summer and Each Medium plants ..... \$0 75 Strong plants ...... 1 00

#### WISTERIA

Wisteria sinensis. Chinese Wisteria. Tall-growing; cluster of purple peashaped flowers in May. Grafted plants. Strong plants . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1 00 Extra-strong plants...\$2.50 to 7 50 Tree form . . . . . . . . . . . . \$4 to 6 00

#### Special Improved Varieties

These new lovely Oriental Wisterias are beautiful beyond words. Medium, \$2 to \$3; extra-strong, \$5 to \$7.50.

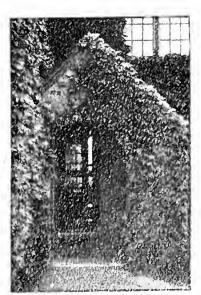
25

W. floribunda, Kyushaku. Lavender, fragrant blooms of immense length.

W. floribunda, Naga Noda. Delicate purple blooms 3 to 4 feet long.

W. floribunda, Nodomurasaki. Laven-der-purple. Stronggrowing and freeflowering.

ROSES, CLIMBING. See Roses



Ampelopsis (Boston Ivy)



## PERENNIALS

Γ IS no wonder that these old-fashioned hardy garden flowers continue to increase in popularity, for there is not a time during the whole flowering season when some hardy perennial is not in bloom, and when, during the late summer, few shrubs are in blossom, these little plants may be depended on for attractive display. Plant perennials this year in the flower-bed where you have been using annuals. Every year you have to replace annuals, whereas the perennials come

up each season with very little work or expense.

Perennials marked (†) are suitable for rock-gardens Prices for Perennial Plants, except where otherwise noted: Strong field-grown plants, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100 plants; large clumps, 35 to 50 cts. each

AJUGA reptans. Carpet Bugle. 6 in. Carpet of bronzy foliage with blue flowers in May and June.

†A. reptans, Pink Spire. (New.) A valuable new pink varicty of above. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

ALTHÆA. Hollybock. 5 to 8 ft. All shades of Red, White, Pink, and Yellow; double and single.

†ALYSSUM saxatile. Golden Tuft. 4 to 12 in. Showy masses of compact yellow flowers in April and May.

ANCHUSA myosotidiflora. Siberian Bugloss, 1 to 112 ft. Bright blue, forget-me-not-like flowers in April and May. 35 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

AQUILEGIA. Columbine. 2 to 21/2 ft. Pink, Red, Blue, and Lavender. May to July.

†ARMERIA maritima. Thrift. 6 in. Dense heads of pink flowers on tufts of narrow evergreen foliage. May, June. 35 ets. each, \$3 per doz.

ARTEMISIA, Silver King. 3 ft. Masses of silvery gray foliage. Useful for decorating or with bouquets. Excellent for perennial border. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

ASCLEPIAS tuberosa. Butterflyweed. 2 ft. Bright orange flowers from July to September.

ASTER, New Dwarf. †Countess of Dudley. 9 in. Clear

pink, with yellow eye. Lady Henry Maddocks. 1 ft. Pink. Victor. 9 in. Lavender-blue.

Dwarf Asters, 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz. Royal Pink. Masses of bright pink flowers in September. Compact growing. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

\*A. Frikarti (Wonder of Stafa). 30 in. Summer-flowering dwarf Aster. Considered to be the best of the hardy varieties. Lavender-blue flowers in profusion from mid-August until late October. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

You do not need a large estate to have an old-fashioned garden or border from which you can pick flowers from early spring until late fall. Let us help plan your garden.

The size mentioned in the description indicates the height

the plants may be expected to attain at maturity; the month represents the season of bloom.

There are no finer autumn flowers than the modern Chrysanthemums and you will like our new varieties.

ASTILBE japonica, Queen Alexan-

June. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz. †CAMPANULA carpatica. Blue Harebell. 8 in. Large, light bluc flowers. C. persicifolia. Bellflower. 2 ft. Mixed.

dra and Von Sicton. 1 to 2 ft.

June, July. CENTAUREA dealbata. Persian Centaurea. 1½ ft. Deep pink flowers in

July and Aug. Very desirable. C. montana. Mountain Bluet. 11/2 ft. Violet-blue, thistle-like flowers from June until Sept.

†CERASTIUM tomentosum. Snowin-Summer. 6 in. Silvery foliage and

masses of white flowers. May, June. CHRYSANTHEMUM, Hardy. Flowers that last until frost.

†Astrid. Plant Patent applied for. New hardy Chrysanthemum with beautiful soft pink, apricot-shaded llowers with yellow centers. Hardy and blooms in masses.

#### PHLOX FOR SUMMER AND CHRYSANTHEMUMS FOR FALL COLOR

#### HARDY CHRYSANTHEMUMS, continued

†Clara Curtis. Low-growing form with very pretty lilac-pink flowers in compact masses. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz. Heavy clumps, 65 ets. ea.

Crimson Splendor. Flower large, rich crimson, with yellow center.

Granny Scovill. Large; coralbronze. Flowers 4½ inches across, well formed.

Irene. Dwarf; white button type.
Jean Treadway. Large sparkling pink flower with rose center.

Judith Anderson. Button type. Flowers are rich shade of golden yellow.

Lavender Lady. Attractive lavender shade.

Lillian Doty. Large, incurved pink. Sequoia. Very attractive buff color. Sonny Boy. Bright light yellow.

CHRYSANTHEMUM CUSHION (Azaleamum). The Mum with a Thousand Buds! Dwarf, compact, free-blooming habit. Great masses of vivid color from late summer to frost. Excellent for border or rockgarden. Pink Cushion. Pink.

King Cushion. Deep bronzy salmon suffused with rose.

Queen Cushion. Pure white.

Any of the above varieties, except where noted, 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz. Heavy field clumps, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Chrysanthemum, Korean, Single. **Saturn.** Sparkling orange bronze flowers in great profusion. A rich autumn color.

Venus. Vivid pink; sweetly fragrant. Chrysanthemum, Korean, Double. Indian Summer. Large flowers of

a warm shade of glowing ehestnutorange. Plants are sturdy and compact.

Pygmy Gold. Distinct type of early dwarf Korean Pompon Chrysanthemum with an abundance of blooms slightly over 1 inch across, and of a remarkably brilliant and intense clear golden yellow color. Starts to bloom in early September.

Romany. Large flowers of a soft glowing shade of red flushed with bronze.

Any of above Korean Chrysanthemums, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz. Heavy field clumps, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

†Chrysanthemum maximum. Shasta Daisy. 1 to 2 ft. Large, daisy-like white flowers with yellow centers. June to Sept.

C. maximum, White Swan. An improved variety of Shasta Daisy with beautiful white blooms. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

†CONVALLARIA majalis. Lily-ofthe-Valley. 6 in. Loves moist and shady places. May.

COREOPSIS grandiflora. 2 to 3 ft. Bright yellow flowers from June to frost if flowers are cut as they fade.

DELPHINIUM bellamosum. Larkspur. 2½ to 3 ft. Tall spikes of dark blue flowers in June, July.

Delphinium grandiflorum chinense. Chinese Delphinium. 2 ft. Gentian-blue flowers. Feathery foliage.

D., Gold Medal Hybrids. Improved Larkspur. The flowers are large, in all shades of blue, and are carried on 2-foot spikes. 35c each, \$3.50 per doz.

†DIANTHUS deltoides. Pink. 8 in. Beautiful sprays of pink flowers. Excellent for rock-garden.

†D. plumarius. Garden Pink. 1 ft. Great masses of pink, white, and magenta blooms all summer.

DIELYTRA spectabilis. Bleedingbeart. 1 to 2 ft. Drooping, heartshaped flowers of white and rose. Valuable for planting in the shade. May to July. 50 ets. each, \$5 per doz.

FUCHSIA, Scarlet Beauty. A splendid new hardy Fuchsia. Bright rubyred and purple. Blooms freely during summer. Mulch well over winter. 65 cts. each, \$1.50 for 3.

#### FUNKIA. See Hosta.

GAILLARDIA aristata (grandiflora). Perennial Gaillardia. 2 ft. Daisy-like blossoms of orange-yellow, banded with red, all summer.

GYPSOPHILA paniculata. Baby's Breath. 3 to 4 ft. Very minute, delicate white flowers. June to August.

HELENIUM, Chippersfield Orange. Sneezewort. (New.) 4 ft. Large heads of copper and gold. Blooms in August and Sept. 45 cts. each, \$4.50 per doz.

H., Peregrina. Sneezewort. (New.) 3 ft. Large heads of dark mahogany flowers edged with gold, in August and Scpt. Excellent for cutting. 45 cts. each, \$4.50 per doz.

**HEMEROCALLIS.** Day Lily. Rich yellowish orange, lily-like flowers in early summer.

H., Hyperion. Day Lily. A splendid new hybrid variety with large citronyellow flowers. July, August. 45 cts. each, \$4.50 per doz.

†HEUCHERA sanguinea. Coral Bells. Dainty, bright crimson flowers on 18-inch stems from June to September. Excellent for rock-garden. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

HIBISCUS. Marsh Mallow. 5 to 6 ft. A large-leaved plant, producing large, showy flowers throughout the summer. Fine for massing in moist places. Red, Pink, and White.

HOLLYHOCKS. See Althæa, page 26.

HOSTA Iancifolia undulata (Funkia). Wavy-leaf Plantain Lily. Long, narrow, wavy-edged leaves, with margins; pale lilac flowers.

†IBERIS gibraltarica. Evergreen Candytuft. White. April, May.

†IRIS pumila. Miniature Iris. Dwarf yellow Iris that does not exceed 4 inches in height and blooms in April and May. Good for bordering beds or for the rockery.

IRIS germanica. German Iris. These vary in height from 2 to 3 feet, blooming in June in shades of purple, lavender, blue, yellow, and white.

Any of the following choice named varieties, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Alcazar. Purple and violet-blue.

Her Majesty. Rose. Lent A. Williamson. Blue and royal purple.

Marsh Marigold. Golden yellow. Sherwin-Wright. Golden yellow.

Pallida, Princess Beatrice. Bluelavender.

Mixed Varieties. 25 cts. each,

\$2.50 per doz.

I. kaempferi. Japanese Iris. 2 to 3 ft. Large, flat flowers in many colors. Last of June.

I. sibirica. Siberian Iris. 2 to 3 ft. Grass-like foliage with clusters of blue or yellow flowers. Adapted for mass and waterside planting. May, June.

I. sibirica, Snow Queen. (New.) A lovely hybrid variety of Siberian Iris with snowy white flowers. 35 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

LIATRIS pycnostachya. Kansas Gayfeather. Rich purple flowers on 4-foot spikes in midsummer.

LINUM perenne. Blue Perennial Flax. 1½ ft. A lovely plant with graceful pearly blue flowers. May to

cardinalis. LOBELIA Cardinal Flower. 3 ft. Scarlet flowers in July and August.

LUPINUS polyphyllus. Washington Lupine. 3 ft. Large spikes of flowers in various colors. Prefer semi-shady location. May, June.

LYCHNIS chalcedonica. MalteseCross. 2 to 3 ft. Flat heads of bright searlet blooms, borne on stout, leafy stems. July, August.

L. viscaria flore-pleno. Campion. Double rose-pink flowers in June and July.

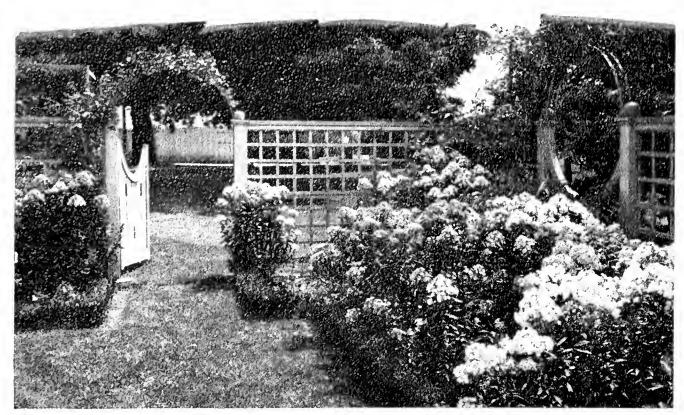
†NEPETA mussini. Catnip. 12 in. Spreading plant with masses of light blue flowers in May and June.

**ŒNOTHERA youngi.** Young's Sundrops. 2 ft. Large lemon-yellow flowers all summer. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

PACHYSANDRA terminalis. Japanese Spurge. An evergreen groundcover with dark green leaves and white flowers. Valuable for planting in the shade where grass will not grow. Field-grown, medium plants, \$1.50 for 10, \$12 per 100; field-grown, strong plants, \$2 for 10, \$15 per 100.

PAPAVER orientale, Beauty of Livermore. Oriental Poppy. 2 to 2½ ft. The finest dark crimson variety of Oriental Poppy. May, June. 45 cts. cach, \$4.50 per doz.

P. orientale, Mrs. Perry. Oriental Poppy. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. Apricot-orange. A very fine variety. May, June. 35 ets. each, \$3.50 per doz.



Hardy Phlox is indispensable in the summer garden

#### PÆONIA · Peony

One of the most satisfactory of the perennials. Immense, double flowers in all colors. Choice varieties. June.

Aurora. Attractive salmon-white.

Festiva maxima. A splendid dependable variety. Pure white, slightly tinged carmine.

Gloire de Charles Gombault. Outer petals flesh-pink with clear salmon center.

Karl Rosenfield. Intense crimson, full rounded flower.

Linne. Very large, bright, deep pink flowers.

Mme. Emile Lemoine. Among the finest of all whites.

Mons. Jules Elie. Pure pink. Excellent variety.

Pomponette. Very fine; lilac-rose. All Peonies, medium-sized plants, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10; large plants, \$1 each, \$7.50 for 10; mixed colors, 60 cts. each, \$5 for 10.

†PLUMBAGO larpentæ. Leadwort. 6 to 8 in. Spreading masses of deep blue flowers all summer and fall.

#### PHLOX

During the dry, hot summer weather, when vegetation looks its worst, these plants can be depended on to brighten the garden with their brilliant colors, ranging from white to rich crimson.

30 cts. each, \$1 for 4, \$2.50 per doz., except where noted. Larger size clumps, 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz.

Africa. Brilliant carmine-red with blood-red eye

B. Comte. Rich satiny purple-red flowers. Tall grower.Beacon. Bright cherry-red. 35 cts.

each, \$3.50 per doz.

#### PHLOX, continued

Columbia. Plant Patent No. 118. Soft cameo-pink blooms in great profusion. Not subject to mildew and very hardy. 40 cts. each, \$1.10 for 3, \$3.30 per doz.

Coquelicot. Brilliant orange-scarlet with a crimson-red eye.

East Hampton. Salmon-pink; large trusses.

Elizabeth Campbell. Bright salmonpink.

Feuerbrand. Large; bright red.

General Van Heutz. Salmon-red with grayish eye.

Marechal French. Deep pink.

Mrs. Jenkins. Pure white.

Mrs. Milly van Hoboken. Bright pink with delicate mauve suffusion.

Peach Blow. Delicate pink.

†PHLOX subulata atropurpurea. Bright purple-red. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

P. subulata rosea, and alba. Moss Pinks. Creeping varieties with mosslike, evergreen foliage, covered with pink and white flowers in spring.

PHYSOSTEGIA virginica, Vivid. False Dragonbead. 1½ to 2 ft. A much-improved variety. Vivid pink flowers in summer and fall. 35 ets. each, \$3.50 per doz.

PLATYCODON grandiflorum. Balloon Flower. 2 ft. Balloon-shaped, violet-blue and white blooms. July to Scpt.

POTENTILLA multifida. Cinquefoil. Low plant, fine for rockery, with rich orange flowers all summer.

PYRETHRUM hybridum. Persian or Painted Daisy. 2 ft. Red, pink, and white, Daisy-like blooms. Single or double. May to July.

†PRIMULA vulgaris. English Primrose. 6 to 9 in. Bright Iemon-yellow flowers in April and May. †P. veris. Cowslip. 6 to 9 in. Large

flowers in clusters in shades of orange, cream, rose, purple, pink, etc., in April and May.

Both of above varieties are excellent for massing in borders. Price of above two varieties: 30 cts. cach, \$3 per doz., \$20 per 100.

†RANUNCULUS. Buttercup. 1 ft. A pretty, double-flowering bright golden yellow flower in May and June.

SCABIOSA caucasica. Blue Bonnet. 3 ft. Valuable for cutting. Soft lavender-bluc. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

†SEDUM acre. Golden Stonecrop. 2 to 3 in. Profusion of yellow flowers in June and July. Cactus-like foliage. †S. album. White Stonecrop. 2 to 3 in. Solid masses of white flowers. †S. coccineum. Pink Stonecrop. 4 to

5 in. Beautiful rosy pink flowers. \$\forall \text{S. sarmentosum. Stringy Stonecrop.} 6 in. Rapid-growing. May and July. †S. spectabile. Showy Sedum. 1 ft. Large, flat heads of pink flowers.

August, September. †SEMPERVIVUM. House-leek. 4 to 6 in. Evergreen succulents which in-

crease by rosettes. Ideal for rockery. SHASTA DAISY. See Chrysanthemums, page 27.

STATICE latifolia. Great Sea Lavender. Heads of minute, purplish blue flowers in July and August.

†STOKESIA. Cornflower Aster. 1½ to 2 ft. Large lavender-blue flowers from July until October.

†THYMUS coccineus. Creeping Thyme. 3 to 4 in. Creeping; dark green foliage. Blooms June and July.

†TUNICA saxifraga. Tunic Flower. 6 in. Minute, dark green foliage; pink flowers. July to Scptember.

VALERIANA officinalis. Hardy Garden Heliotrope. 3 ft. Fragrant, light pink and white flowers. June, July.

VERONICA longifolia subsessilis. Speedwell. Beautiful bluc-studded flower-spikes from July to September. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

V., Blue Spire. Speedwell. (New.) 2 ft. A hybrid of V. longifolia subsessilis and V. spicata. Intense dark blue flower-spikes. Blooms freely from July to Scptember. 35 ets. each, \$3.50 pcr doz.

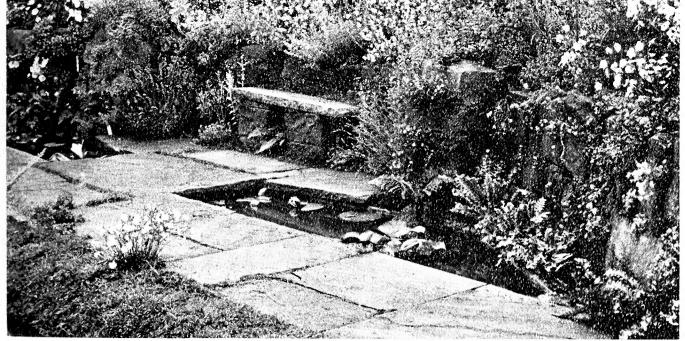
†VINCA minor. Myrtle. A familiar evergreen creeper with small blue flowers. Splendid ground-cover. \$1.50

for 10, \$12 per 100. V. minor, Bowles' Variety. (New.) A much-improved variety of the above. Foliage is larger and the color is rich glossy green. Great profusion of deep blue flowers. \$1.80 for 10, \$15 per 100.

†VIOLA, Jersey Gem. Rich, slightly fragrant violet flowers all summer. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

†V. odorata (Governor Heirick Violet). Large flowers in rich shade of blue. Does well in shade.





## ADDING CHARM WITH ROCKWORK

Very often the attractive use of rocks in the landscape marks the difference between that which is ordinary and that which is outstanding.

In the hands of the landscape designer, rocks can be used with a great deal of charm in appropriate places. Perhaps your grounds call for an interesting rockery or a combination of pool and rock-garden.

Why not let us look over your grounds and tell you of such possibilities.

#### PERENNIAL COLLECTION

Strong Field-grown Plants

A COLLECTION of 3 plants each of 10 varieties, which will furnish flowers from early spring until frost (30 in all) for

\$5.50 (Regular Price \$7.50) \$5.50

Campanula persicifolia. Blue. June, July.

Centaurea dealbata. Pink. June to September.

Gaillardia. Orange-red. All summer. Liatris. Purple. Midsummer.

Lychnis viscaria. Rose-pink. June, July.

Painted Daisy, Mixed. May to July. Phlox, Feuerbrand. Red. Summer.

Platycodon. Blue. July to September. Statice. Blue. July, August.

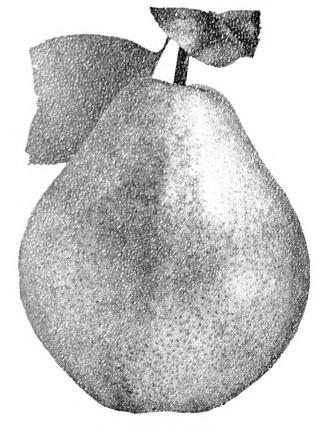
**Stokesia.** Lavender-blue. June to October.

## ROCK-GARDEN COLLECTION

30 fine, low-growing Perennials for Rock-Gardens

\$5.50  $\binom{\text{Regular}}{\text{Price}}$  \$5.50

- 3 **Ajuga.** Blue, May, June.
- 2 Armeria. Pink. May, June.
- 3 Campanula carpatica, Blue. Summer.
- 3 Dianthus plumarius. Pink, Midsummer.
- 3 Potentilla. Orange. Summer.
- 3 Primula, Mixed. April, May.
- 3 Sedum album. White. May to
- 3 **Sedum sarmentosum.** Yellow May to July.
- 3 **Sedum coccineum.** Rose-pink. July, August.
- 4 Thymus coccineus. Purple. June, July.



#### **APPLES**

EARLY VARIETIES

Red Astrachan. Red. July, August. Yellow Transparent. Yellow. July, August.

AUTUMN VARIETY

McIntosh. Red. November to February.

#### WINTER VARIETIES

Baldwin. Red. January to April. Cortland. Red. Resembles McIntosh; ripens later.

Delicious. Yellow and red. November to January.

Red Delicious. Excellent new variety.
Solid fruit of rich red color.

Rhode Island Greening. Greenish yellow. December to April.

Hyslop Crab. Large. dark crimson

Hyslop Crab. Large, dark crim	ison	
Prices of all Apples:	Еa	ch
2-yr	\$1	50
3-yr	2	00
4-yr	. 3	50
5 and 6-yr	. 5	00
8 to 10 ft., 6 to 8-yr\$6 to	10	00
Larger trees \$12 to	45	00

### FRUIT AND NUT TREES

FRUITS In the extremities of the lawn or upon the adjoining lot, plant fruit trees. They will bountifully reward you in the fruit they yield, which you will enjoy eating right from the trees or in winter as preserves and jam. The fruit-garden

can easily be made a part of the scheme for beautifying your property. Flowers along the walk to the orchard will brighten the way and provide blooms for cutting.

#### PEARS

Bartlett. Early.		
Kieffer. Late.		
Clapp's Favorite. Early.		
Seckel. Late.	Ea	
2-yr	\$1	50
3-yr	2	00
4-yr		
5 and 6-yr	5	00

#### **PEACHES** Belle of Georgia. Early; white; free-

_	
stone.	
Elberta. Late; yellow; very	popular
freestone.	
South Haven. Medium; yello	w; juicy
and delicious.	., .
Any of the above varieties:	Each
1-yr	\$0 75
2-yr., strong	1 25
3 to 4-yr., extra strong	
<i>3</i> ,	

#### **CHERRIES**

Black Tartarian. Sweet. Early Richmond. Sour.									
Windsor.	Sweet.	Bronzy	reddish.						
2-yr			\$1 50						
3-yr 4-yr			2 00 3 00						
		TMTC							

Burbank. Cherry-red.	ach
2-yr\$	1 50
3-yr	2 00
4 to 5-yr\$3.50 to 5	5 00

#### RHUBARB

Linnæus. 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

#### OUINCES

•										
Orange.									Ea	ch
2 and 3-yr		,							\$1	50
3 and 4-yr										
4 and 5-yr										

#### CURRANTS

Red and White. 30c. each, \$2.50 for 10; extra large, 50c. each, \$4.50 for 10.

#### GRAPES

Catawba. Fine red Grape.	Most
Concord. Blue; early; fine flavor	. Wost
popular standard Grape grown	today.
Niagara. The best standard wh	ite.
Worden. Black; large berries.	
Each	10
Strong, 2-yr	\$3 00
Strong, 3-yr 50	4 00
Strong, 4-yr	6 50

#### GOOSEBERRIES

These two varieties are recognized as the standards.

Downing. Green. Houghton. Red. Both, 35c. each, \$3 for 10; extra large, 60c. each, \$5 for 10.

#### RASPBERRIES

St. Regis Everbearing. Require very little attention and supply plenty of delicious berries. 15c. each, \$1.25 for 10; extra strong, 25c. each, \$2 for 10.

#### BLACKBERRIES

Eldorado. One of the best early to midseason sorts. 15c. each, \$1.25 for 10; extra strong, 25c. each, \$2 for 10.

Spraying of Fruit Trees. For best results we recommend three sprayings: First, during the winter; second, after the blossoms fall; and, third, about two weeks later. This will control the most prevalent insects and fungous diseases attacking fruit trees on Long Island. We have men experienced in this kind of work who are available at a moderate cost.

#### Set out a few Nut Trees. They make splendid ornamental trees and yield a bountiful harvest of nuts. We are offering only improved varieties, best suited to Long Island conditions. Grafted trees. CHESTNUT, Chinese Hairy. Blight-resistant. Wonderful ornamental value. Nuts resemble American Sweet Chestnut. Each 5 to 6 ft.....\$2 50 | 6 to 8 ft.....\$3 50 FILBERT. European Hazelnut. (In varieties.) Small bushy tree. Bears early. 6 to 8 ft.. HEARTNUT. A hybrid from Japanese Walnut. Rapid, luxuriant growth; early and prolific bearing. 5 to 6 ft.....\$3 75 | 6 to 8 ft.....\$5 00 PECAN, Busseron. Northern Pecan. As hardy as the hickory tree. Large nuts of excellent quality. \$3.50 | 6 to 8 ft......\$5.00 AMERICAN BLACK WALNUT, Thomas. A strong, fast-growing tree. Nuts are large and husk easily.

#### BEFORE PURCHASING PLANTS CONSULT WITH US

The right way to get the best out of every dollar spent in plants is to consult the specialist. While plants are sold as merchandise they cannot be regarded from the same standpoint as other merchandise. They are living things meant to grow and to accomplish a certain purpose. It is not a matter of quantity or price. It is a matter of getting a plant suitable to your soil and the situation in which it has to grow. This is our specialty—we are interested in your results. We want to help you to select plants and use them in the right way. Consult with us now while the planting season is here.

## LAWN SEED AND FERTILIZERS

BULK'S CHOICE LAWN SEED. A choice mixture containing Creeping Bent and other high-quality grasses. This mixture has been prepared especially for Long Island soil and weather conditions. 5 lbs. \$3, 10 lbs. \$5.50, 100 lbs. \$50.

\*SUNNYSIDE LAWN SEED. A specially prepared mixture containing durable grasses in good proportion. 5 lbs. \$2, 10 lbs. \$3.50, 100 lbs. \$30.

\*PLANTSPUR SHEEP MANURE. 10 lbs. 75 cts., 25 lbs. \$1.50.

\*IRREGULAR FLAGSTONE for WALKS. In colors. 30 cts. per sq. ft., \$25 per 100 sq. ft.

\*BONEMEAL. 100 lbs. \$3.50.

\*TUFA ROCK. (Porous.) For rock-gardens. 100 lbs. \$3, 1000 lbs. \$20, ton \$35.

\*WOODRUFF'S GRO-SOD. (Organic base 10-6-4 fertilizer.) Apply this to your lawn each spring and fall and your grass will be much improved. 100 lbs. \$6.

\*ARSENATE OF LEAD. 4-lb. bag \$1.

\*TRI-OGEN. A garden spray that affords definite protection against almost all garden insects and fungous disorders. Small kit \$1.50.

\*BORERKILL. An effective treatment for tree borers. Tube, with injector, 60 ets.

Page	Page	-	•	Page	Page
Abelia 16	Callicarpa10	l n	dex	Œnothera27	Sedum
Abies	Calluna16	111	UCA	Oxydendrum 8	Sempervivum28
Acer		Page	Page		Shadblow, Downy10
	Calycanthus10		U. 11 17 10	Pachysandra 17, 27	
Ajuga	Campanula26	Elm8	Ilex11, 17, 19	Peaches30	Silver Lace Vine25
Almond, Flowering10	Candytuft27	Elsholtzia11	Inkberry	Pearlbush11	Snowball14
Althea	Caragana 10	Enkianthus11	Iris27	Pears30	Snowberry 12
Alyssum26	Cardinal Flower 27	Euonymus 11, 16, 17	Ivy25	Pecan 30	Snow-in-Summer26
Amelanchier10	Catalpa5	Exochorda 11	Jetbead12	Peony 28	Sorbus 8
Ampelopsis25	Cedar 18, 20	Fagus 6	Juniper 20	Pepperidge Tree 6	Sour-Gum 6
Amygdalus10	Cedrus18	Fertilizers31	Kalmia 17	Periwinkle 17	Sourwood8
Anchusa 26	Celastrus25	Filbert30	Vanasa Carfoothan 27	Philadelphus 12	Speedwell28
Andromeda17	Centaurea26	Fir18	Kansas Gayfeather27	Phlox28	Spirea 12, 14
Apples30	Cerastium26	Fire Thorn17	Kerria	Photinia 12	Spruce
Aquilegia 26	Cercis 5	Flax27	Kolkwitzia12	Physocarpus 12	Spurge17, 27
Arborvitæ19, 23	Chamæcyparis18	Forsythia11	Larkspur27	Physostegia 28	Statice
Armeria	Chaste-tree14	Franklinia11	Lavender28	Picea	Stephanandra12
Aronia10	Cherries 30	Fuchsia27	Laurel, Mountain 17	Pieris	Stokesia 28
Arrow-wood14	Cherry, Flowering 8	Funkia (see Hosta)27	Lawn Grass Seed31	Pine22	Stonecrop28
Artemisia 26	Chestnut30	· ·	Lespedeza12	Pink27	Summersweet10
Asclepias26	Chokeberry 10	Gaillardia27	Leucothoe17	Platycodon28	Sweet Gum 6
Ash, Mountain 8	Christmas Berry 12	Ginkgo 6	Liatris27	Plum, Flowering . 8, 12	Symphoricarpos12
Aster	Chrysanthemum. 26, 27	Golden Bell11	Ligustrum12	Plumbago28	Syringa
Astilbe26	Cinquefoil28	Golden Tuft26	Lilac 14	Plums30	Tamarix
Azalea 9, 16	Clematis25	Gooseberries30	Lily		Taxus 19, 22, 23
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	Clethra10	Gordonia11	Lily-of-the-Valley 27	Polygonum25	Thrift
Baby's Breath27	Clover, Bush 12	Grapes30	Linden 8	Poplar8	Thuja23
Balloon Flower 28	Columbine26	Great Silverbell 6	Linum27	Poppy	Thyme 28
Barberry 10, 16	Convallaria27	Gypsophila27	Liquidambar6	Populus 8	Thymus28
Bayberry 12	Coral Bells27	Halesia 6	Lobelia	Potentilla	Tilia 8
Beautyberry10	Coralberry 12	Hamamelis11	Lonicera 12, 25	Primrose28	Tsuga
Beauty Bush12	Coreopsis	Hawthorn6	Lupine27	Primula28	Tunica28
Beech 6	Cornus	Heartnut30	Lupinus27	Privet	Ulmus 8
Bellflower	Cotoneaster10	Heather16	Lychnis27	Prunus	Umbrella Tree 5
Berberis 10, 16	Crab, Flowering 6	Hedera 25		Pseudotsuga18	Vaccinium14
Betula	Cranberry Bush14	Helenium	Magnolia 6	Pyracantha 17	Valeriana 28
Bignonia 25	Cratægus	Heliotrope 28	Mahonia	Pyrethrum28	Veronica28
Birch	Creeper, Japanese16	Hemerocallis	Maidenhair Tree 6	Quercus8	Viburnum14
Bittersweet17, 25	Cryptomeria20	Hemlock19, 23	Malus 6	Quinces10, 30	Vinca
Blackberries30	Currants30	Heuchera	Maple	Ranunculus 28	Viola28
Bleeding-Heart 27	Cydonia10	Hibiscus11, 27	Marsh Mallow27	Raspberries 30	Violet 28
Blueberry	Cypress18, 20	Hills of Snow11	Mock Orange12	Red-bud 5	Vitex
Bluet	Daisies	Holly17, 19	Morus 6	Retinospora18	Walnut
Boxwood16	Daphne11, 16	Holly-Grape17	Mulberry 6	Rhododendron17	Wayfaring Tree14
Bridal Wreath 14			Myrica	Rhodotypos12	Weigela14
Buddleia10	Delphinium	Hollyhock	Myrtle17, 28	Rhubarb30	Willow8
	Dianthus27	Hosta	Nepeta27	Rose of Sharon 11	Winterberry11
Buttercup28		House-leek	Ninebark 12	Roses24, 25	Wisteria 25
Butterfly Bush10	Dielytra	Hydrongo 11	Nyssa	Salix 8	Witchhazel
Butterflyweed 26	Dogwood 6, 10	Hydrangea11			Yew19, 22, 23
Buxus	Dragonhead, False 28	Iberis	Oaks 8	Scabiosa 28	1 ew 19, 22, 23

